SUNDAY'S EDITION.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

SUPPLEMENT.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1888.

JANUARY WEATHER.

Record of Weather Observations at Colorado College.

A Striking Instance of Variety in Midwinter Climate.

Cold Waves of the North and their Effect in Colorado.

Prof. Loud's Valuable Summary and Deductions.

The record of January, 1888, has [illegible] instance of the variety [illegible] which may be looked for here [illegible] We have had [illegible] and [illegible] contrast, almost [illegible] with a good deal [illegible] of sunshine and [illegible]

[illegible] as the basis of [illegible] may be considered [illegible] of three periods of unequal [illegible] the first six days, the following [illegible] ten days of [illegible]

[illegible] by the record of Nov. [illegible] the cold wave [illegible] of the great lakes and [illegible] was extended through the [illegible] of the country [illegible] weather extended from Michigan to Florida. In the northwest the [illegible] temperatures [illegible] where cold waves are generally [illegible] This wave appears to have [illegible] a new [illegible] Nebraska is the [illegible] that [illegible] In the morning of the 11th [illegible] The next day the high [illegible] brought to the [illegible] period of comparatively warm weather.

[illegible] gives the highest thermometer was [illegible] and the lowest [illegible] and coldest day the temperature never exceeded 39. 5 while on the [illegible] The mean temperature of the six days was 33. 5. [illegible] was cloudy, each with [illegible] snow.

[illegible] of the next [illegible] the center [illegible] region remained [illegible] which in Colorado the snow [illegible] was still lying [illegible] On the 8th, the [illegible] of high barometer [illegible] of the wave was [illegible] degrees below zero [illegible] Wyoming [illegible] Our [illegible] located the [illegible] and [illegible] was the next [illegible] and for three [illegible] low barometer [illegible] the weather [illegible] of high bar[ometer] [illegible] in Montana, [illegible] gathering force [illegible] the thermometer in that [illegible] after which it swept [illegible] north of across the [illegible] New England on the [illegible] the severest [illegible] where on the [illegible] was above [illegible] of the day, and a [illegible] was reached [illegible] The succeeding days [illegible] warmer, yet the [illegible] to its mean [illegible] wave of high bar[ometer] [illegible] not in the usual [illegible] much further south [illegible] it swept over [illegible] rose rather [illegible] we had a [illegible] The next two days, [illegible] period of the [illegible] barometer [illegible] far north, the [illegible] cold wave. In the [illegible]

[illegible] is forty degrees [illegible] while the [illegible] the lower [illegible] temperature of [illegible] There was [illegible] the beginning of the [illegible] on the [illegible] days with a [illegible]

[illegible] excluding the ten [illegible] the 21st, was dis[illegible] and pleasant [illegible] the cold waves of [illegible] to the sec[illegible] character, passed [illegible] 21st, but on the [illegible] low pressure [illegible] of us, drawing [illegible] winds across [illegible] the [illegible] of these [illegible] the front of [illegible] while similar [illegible] the name of [illegible] particular the [illegible] the southern half [illegible] Rockies run near[illegible] lowing tempera[illegible] mountains and cool[illegible] the plains, and [illegible] its descent [illegible] of these ten [illegible] The highest tempera[illegible]

[illegible] for other [illegible] which [illegible] The [illegible] period was [illegible]

[illegible] of the [illegible] over Wyoming [illegible] of [illegible] lakes [illegible] opposite [illegible] the continuous warmth of a [illegible] laws.

F. H. Loud.

AMERICAN WIVES OF FRENCHMEN.

Great Men in French Politics who have Succumbed to the Charms of our Countrywomen.

[illegible]

[illegible], January [illegible] 18.

I propose in this letter to mention briefly some of the American girls who have wedded Frenchmen and to give you some little sketch of themselves and their family.

Mme. Waddington, wife of the French ambassador to England, was Miss King, of New York, whose father was once president of Columbia college. During the exposition of 1878, M. Waddington was [illegible] and I once [illegible] given at the Palace of the Quay d'Orsay [illegible] Mme. Waddington and a young gentleman from New York led the cotillion, or "German," as they say in America. I was very proud to see all the dancers following the lead of two of my compatriots.

One of Mme. Waddington's sisters married the Hon. Eugene Schuyler, who made such a mark in the American diplomatic service that the present administration removed him. Another sister is the wife of Mr. Westenberg, who once represented the Netherlands in Washington, and who is now accredited to the court of King Humbert.

On her husband's side she is well related. Her brother-in-law, [illegible] Waddington, represents Rouen in the chamber of deputies, and another brother-in-law is a professor in the Sorbonne.

The Waddingtons are quite as much English as French. They were born in Paris of English parents and educated in English as well as in French schools. Mr. Richard Waddington's wife is Scotch, and they all speak English as easily as French, although M. William Waddington once said to me that if he wished to make a speech, he prefers to do so in French.

It will be seen from all that I have said that Miss King scarcely left the Anglo-Saxon family in choosing her husband and it was to be expected that she would be happy in her new surroundings.

The wife of another distinguished French public man is also an American. I refer to Mme. Clemenceau. She was Miss Mary Plummer, of Greenwich, Conn., and first met her future husband at a well-known Connecticut young ladies' boarding school where young Dr. Clemenceau was the French teacher.

And how came it that M. Clemenceau went to America? your readers may ask. I have often put the same question to friends of the family, and their answers are not all alike. The truth is that American escapade of young Clemenceau [illegible] remarkable career, although it did give him a good sensible American wife, and "some Yankee children," as he once said to a friend of mine.

Mme. Clemenceau is frequently seen at public receptions with her husband, but with the exception of an occasional appearance, on invitation, at the United States minister's, she is seldom seen in American circles at Paris. This is said to be due to the influence of her husband, who wishes his wife to become "Wholly French." And he has succeeded admirably. Mme. Clemenceau speaks the language with only a slight accent—less than her husband has in English—and has adapted herself very quickly and readily to her new surroundings. At bottom at heart she is strongly American; on the surface she is decidedly French and European.

And still another prominent member of the French parliament has an American wife presiding over his household. M. Ribot, one of the ablest men on the republican side of the chamber, is the husband of the daughter of Mr. Burch, once a prominent Chicago banker. Many years ago Miss Burch came to Paris with her father, and while here married M. Demangeot, a lawyer and not an engineer as recently stated in an American paper. A few years later M. Demangeot died, leaving his wife and children to the [illegible]

[illegible] M. [illegible] Miss [illegible] M. Rives [illegible] M. Rives [illegible] being in the [illegible]

[illegible] New York [illegible] Moscow, of New York [illegible] who [illegible]

The Countess of [illegible] was Miss [illegible] Countess de Chambrun [illegible] Moscow [illegible] that [illegible]

[illegible] was [illegible] Miss Pons, daughter of [illegible] Paris or New York [illegible] of Bishop [illegible] a [illegible] Paris [illegible] Mme. de Chambrun now lives at [illegible] Motte [illegible] the Zouaves. As she was very popular in Parisian society her [illegible] replaced the Comte de Chambrun [illegible] [illegible] the king.

The Vicomtesse de Courval was Miss Hoy of New York. While traveling with her parents in the Holy Land she met the Vicomte, who was fascinated with her charms and [illegible] He [illegible] New York [illegible] in Paris [illegible] fashion [illegible] Anglo-Saxon [illegible] At each small table were seated four persons. [illegible] wigs. [illegible] with the [illegible]

Countess Eugene de Gasas was Miss Rodgers; Countess [illegible] Miss Fisher, Marchioness de Chasseloup-Laubat and Baron de [illegible] New Orleans; Countess [illegible] d'Amery, Miss Berdan; Countess de [illegible] Ireland, Miss Jones; Countess [illegible] is daughter of the late General Thomas, U. S. A., and niece of Mr. Pitt [illegible] of New York. [illegible] Poniatowski is daughter of Mrs. [illegible] well known in New York society, the Marchioness de Gabriac and the Countess de Narbonne, daughters of Mr. Phelan, of New York, the late Baroness de Bonnet was Miss Penn, a man whose house was 42 [illegible] New York, and Baroness de Pierre [illegible] Countess de Trobriand were the Misses Thorne of New York, where their [illegible] of Parisian [illegible] No. [illegible] West [illegible] street, was the scene of many delightful entertainments.

I must say a word or two in regard to the Thornes. The father, Colonel [illegible] Thorne, was one of the handsomest young men of his time and [illegible] was [illegible] He [illegible] great heiress, Miss Jauncey, and his daughters were all beautiful. In Winterhalter's famous picture of "The Empress Eugenie surrounded by her Court," Baroness de Pierre is the most lovely of all the beauties of the court.

At 22, Fifth avenue, lived Miss Elise [illegible] who, in 1874, became the Duchesse de Choiseul-Praslin. Miss Nonie Chesebrough of New Orleans is now the Marchioness de Sainte-Aulaire. Like Mme. de Chambrun she prefers to live at her husband's country place near Marseilles and although she has a fine residence in the Avenue du Bois de Boulogne she is scarcely known in Paris society. The marquis is a Bonapartist of the most pronounced type and prefers to remain in retirement rather than mingle with those who do not hold his political views.

The Marchioness de Mores, who will one day be Duchess de Vallombrosa, was Miss Medora von Hoffman of New York. The report of her contemplated divorce is without foundation. She and the marquis have gone to India, where he [illegible] to spend a year in hunting. The life of the marchioness in the far west has made her one of the best shots in the world, and her ambition at present is to be the first woman to kill a [illegible]. The Prince of Wales has given M. and Mme. de Mores letters of introduction to all the Rajahs and Maharajahs and their friendly relations with Lord Dufferin, the viceroy, will also add greatly to their sources of entertainment while in India. On his return the marquis intends to engage in some colossal railroad scheme in America, I hope with more profit to himself and others than was his gigantic meat enterprise.

I might go on and mention scores of other American girls who have cast in their lot with foreigners. But enough. I have written sufficient to show your readers that some of the greatest men in [illegible]

[illegible] dangers [illegible] the [illegible] Paris [illegible] New York [illegible] the [illegible] servant [illegible]

[illegible] Paris [illegible] In this country [illegible] the [illegible] workers [illegible] to [illegible]

[illegible] have the poor always with [illegible]

WASTE OF AMERICAN WORKING

It is well known that we [illegible] the [illegible] in the world [illegible] which is [illegible] so difficult to have it well done [illegible] this is true [illegible] is also presumably true of the [illegible]

Every one who has [illegible] the [illegible]

People of refinement of [illegible] but [illegible] the poverty of [illegible] on the part of those who are [illegible] with their [illegible] in the [illegible] country in the world [illegible] and [illegible] With all [illegible] appliances for [illegible] the [illegible] clean and well-kept house is the exception and only obtained by direct, personal effort and constant, active, daily supervision on the part of the mistress of the establishment. If clothing is to be made it is at great cost and usually in a most unsatisfactory manner. This is not cheap labor or the work of the slop shops, it is the average of what we can get, and we have to pay for it the price of expert labor.

But the result of it all is absolute weariness and discouragement of spirit for [illegible]

[illegible] Paris [illegible] the [illegible] you [illegible] in your [illegible] Within a dozen [illegible] your [illegible] your [illegible] you [illegible] old fashion, by the woman to whom you pay 8c for the dozen.

There is nothing more certain than [illegible] of the world is to live. [illegible] must go. Where [illegible] the question the question most difficult to answer. Just now the world and especially this part of it is full of people who want the money that work will bring but who do not like work, principally because they do not know how to do it [illegible] the knowledge [illegible] with a slow process. Are they there [illegible] people [illegible] for those who must live with them who [illegible] for the [illegible] Is there not something [illegible] who [illegible] carry this burden of untraining, and would it not be better to place it where it belongs, pay for what it is worth and [illegible] worker [illegible] to make [illegible] respectable by [illegible] and [illegible] for its continuance?

JENNY JUNE.

PARIS PRICES.

A Correspondent Gives an Idea of What Things Cost in the French Metropolis.

[Correspondence of the European, Current [illegible]]

PARIS, January 22, 1888.

When a [illegible] to stay at home American is about to make a sojourn, short or long, in the [illegible] of Paris, the chances are he [illegible] exercised in [illegible] concerning the prices of commodities in the French capital, and therefore have we thought it advisable to jot down a few of them for his benefit [illegible] some about idea of what he may expect to spend during his stay [illegible] The task is fraught with no small difficulty, not that the facts are exactly difficult to pick up—for many are stored in the memory of an old Parisian inhabitant. But they are often so dreadfully contradictory. If we were to confine [illegible] class of hotels, shops [illegible] one quarter, we might only be [illegible] the necessary [illegible] or [illegible] whereas [illegible] we want [illegible] to serve all alike [illegible] perfect [illegible]

Paris owes a certain amount of its [illegible] and diversity to its [illegible] and while the [illegible] with greater ease here than anywhere else, the careful student of prices may keep well within the [illegible] If called upon to give his opinion on the [illegible] the former will declare Paris to [illegible] the latter will [illegible]

[illegible] hotels [illegible] In the [illegible] also the less [illegible] and [illegible] A sitting room and double [illegible] drawing [illegible] Grand [illegible] francs a day. But on the fourth [illegible] for [illegible] a nice double bedroom [illegible] from 15 to 20 francs a day [illegible] bachelor may [illegible] himself in humble obscurity on the fifth [illegible] for [illegible] or 6 francs. However [illegible] more than the [illegible] of the lower stories, from the daily tax of one franc a day for service. First and second floor lodgers pay one and a half francs.

This specimen of prices will suffice in a general way for all this class of big [illegible] extravagances. In the small hotels prices [illegible] A few, such as the Bristol and the Hotel du Rhin, being principally patronized by reigning royalties, will generally be eschewed by commoners who know what they are about. You pay for attention [illegible] Thus, almost twice as much will be asked for rooms in the Rue de Rivoli or those overlooking the gardens as for those whose windows open on to side streets or courts. From 15 to 25 francs per [illegible] price for [illegible] room in a [illegible] between basement [illegible] these most establishments of a highly respectable order where the [illegible] costs merely 4 or 5 francs, and the [illegible] 5 or 6. Before dismissing this portion of our subject, it is well that new comers should be informed that a basket of wood generally figures on the bill for 3 francs, or a disagreeable surprise may await him in the hour of reckoning, who has been extravagant in the use of this costly fuel.

The great majority of able-bodied visitors do not dine in their hotels. It is thought far more agreeable to get a change of scene by patronizing one of the many restaurants. The *prix fixe* luncheon or dinner is not so common as it used to be. Its convenience to travelers, however, is manifest, the *carte* being often a mysterious document, the translation of which into the vulgate does not come easily to those not versed in technical French. There are still many restaurants in Paris where you may dine comfortably if not luxuriously, for 3 francs, and get a breakfast for 2½ francs. Escoffier on the Boulevards, charges 4 and 5 for these same meals. The dining-room at the Grand hotel is open to all. Here, luncheon, wine and music included costs 5 francs and dinners [illegible] Bignon's in the Avenue de l'Opera, is perhaps the dearest of all the restaurants *à la carte*, not even excepting Durand's and the Cafe Anglais. Soup, two meats, a salad and a dessert with a bottle of wine for one, can hardly be got at any of these for less than 20 or 25 francs. At Ledoyen's, under the leafy shade of the Champs-Elysees, a [illegible] may have the [illegible] dinner and pay no more. It is very pleasant there in summer time and pleasant, too, in the glazed balcony that belongs to Margehic next door to the Gymnase, where 15 francs will generally cover the price of a *tete-a-tete* evening meal.

The cheap dining-house *par excellence* are the Duvals. One is to be found in each quarter of the city. Here you may eat of fish, flesh, and fowl for a sum varying from 1 to 5 francs. If your needs are fewer, the total will be proportionally smaller. The Duvals are perfectly respectable, being patronized by the toilers and moilers, not the rich, reckless, or disreputable.

One thing often puzzles a stranger. What fees will the waiter expect? Frenchmen frequently solve the riddle by a simple sum in arithmetic—10 per cent of the total sum paid being considered by them a fair average. And this may be carried out at cafes as well as eating houses. Cabmen always expect a *pourboire*. The price of a *course*, that is to say, a drive from one place to another without stopping—in a two seated cab is one franc and a half. Within a mile of two an extra 4 or 6 sous may be offered. Over that distance, the man deserves the extra half franc.

To the visitor who intends making a prolonged stay the question of rent is an all important one. Here also, as in the case of hotels, the ratio varies enormously according to the quarter of the town, the story, and the position of the house. Nicely furnished apartments with two parlors and from two to four bedrooms would cost from 300 to 1,000 francs a month. Unfurnished apartments are hired by the quarter and one quarter's notice is necessary before leaving. Owing to the difficulty of finding furnished rooms in certain parts of Paris visitors often hire furniture, a respectable upholsterer will supply this by contract, and the cost would, speaking generally, be about equal to that of an apartment ready furnished. Flats containing three sitting rooms and as many bedrooms with a kitchen, if well appointed, command rents varying from two to four thousand francs a year, according to the floor on which they are situated. One with two parlors and two bedrooms, from 1500 to 2000 francs.

Taxes are comparatively low. A rental of 1500 francs entails a tax of about 150 francs per annum, one of 4000 francs, 500 or 600 francs. A few landlords charge 50 francs a year for wear and tear of stair carpets, but the gas, water and services of the *concierge* are included in the rent, though this functionary expects to receive a present at New Year and on the arrival and departure of a tenant. *Extras*, like *pourboires*, are calculated on the value of the apartment, and 30 francs may be taken as the lowest figure. In no case does an apartment, whether furnished or unfurnished, include service, and for this reason single people and married couples [illegible] or boarding house.

The general price for board and lodging at one of these is 200 to 250 francs a month though the more elegant establishments charge 300 francs and even more. The same cannot be obtained at a first class hotel for less than 500 or 600 francs.

Servants often demand much higher wages of those who they know are not making a permanent residence in Paris, therefore families coming here for a season or so must expect to pay their servant of all work 50 or 60 francs a month, and if she is a good cook, she will expect 75 francs, though the resident can obtain what he wants for 50. The wages of a useful man servant vary from 100 to 150 francs a month. Char women work by the hour or by the day. If the latter, they are boarded and cost about the same as an indoor servant. From 8 to 12 sous is the price by the hour.

All French cooks expect to do the marketing, in which they get a per cent [illegible] which it is the housewife's duty to keep as low as possible. The following [illegible] on this arduous task [illegible] 18 sous the quartern loaf; meat from 1 franc 5 sous [illegible] from 1 [illegible] pound and beef from 1 to 2 francs according to the amount of bone included; milk 8 sous a litre, sugar 11 sous a pound, candles 1 franc 5 sous, vin ordinaire from 16 sous to 1 franc a bottle, fowls from 4 to 6 francs, turkeys from 10 to 25 [illegible] to 8 francs, partridges [illegible] francs, pigeons one and a half francs, rabbits 1 franc 4 sous, hams [illegible] francs a pound, flour 10 sous, petroleum 14 sous, apples from 3 to 5 sous, oranges from 3 to 4 sous apiece, coal 50 francs a ton, wood 3 francs a hundred weight, coke 2 francs a sack, coffee from 2 to 3 and tea from 4 to 8 francs a pound, brandy 3 to 5 and whiskey 7 francs a litre, fresh butter 2 francs a pound, eggs 3 sous a piece, American cheddar cheese 26 sous a pound, chocolate creams from 2 to 4 francs, rich wine biscuits 2½ francs, pretty little cakes in frilled paper for dessert 3 francs a pound, fish varies so it is almost impossible to quote a price, but salmon is seldom less than 3 francs a pound, and oysters are from 15 sous to 3 and 4 francs a dozen.

Washing is a serious item of expenditure which must not be passed over. Shirts are got up in the ordinary manner for [illegible] ten sous, starched and ironed in the improved method for 15 sous, or a franc, collars for 2 or 3 sous, socks for 2 sous a pair, and handkerchiefs for 1 or 2 sous, and so on. Ladies' underwear, without frills or furbelows, need not cost more than 6 or 8 sous each article, but it is impossible to put a price on the ornamental work, a few yards of lace or a spectacular dance of flouncing running up a laundress' account in an extraordinary manner. For the washing and ironing of sheets 12 or 15 sous a pair are charged; table napkins and table cloths are [illegible] and calendered respectively for 2 and 12 sous apiece.

This brings us to the all important question of clothing. To begin with [illegible] tailors too. A morning suit made to measure varies in price from 150 to 250 francs, a pair of trousers from 30 to 50 francs, an overcoat without fur from 100 to 200 francs, an evening suit from 200 to 800 francs. Silk hats are worth 25 and 30 francs, felts 20 francs; boots from 20 to 40 francs a pair, gloves 4 and 5 francs, shirts 72 francs and handkerchiefs 16 to 24 francs the half dozen. And now for the ladies. If they apply to M. Worth or Felix they [illegible] expect to get to pay less than 400 or 500 francs for the simplest costume and a handsome reception toilette is sure to be over 1000 francs, how much over we will not take upon ourselves to say. A mantle or cloak made at one of these, or similar houses may always be reckoned at more than 500 francs, a jacket at 250 or 300 francs. One of the secrets of Redfern's great success is that he makes simple costumes for 250 francs, and [illegible] and ulsters for the same. Every few inches of embroidery, every bit of fur or ornamentation adds 50 francs to the total; therefore an elegant braided cloth costume cannot be obtained for less than 500 francs. Even second and third rate dressmakers and the magazins de nouveautes do not supply costumes to order for less than 200 francs. At [illegible] places however, a ready-made draped skirt may be obtained for 75, 100, or 150 francs, according to material; Jersey bodices from 12 to 50 francs and mantles from 40 to 300 francs.

The usual charge for making a dress is 40 or 50 francs, without counting extras. Mme. Virot seldom charges less than 75 francs for a hat or bonnet, in the case of feathers the value may be doubled, but there are scores of milliners who will supply nice bonnets for 30 or 40 francs. Woolen and fancy dress materials begin at 10 sous, and go up to 10 or perhaps 12 francs a yard, plain silk may be had at any price between 3 and 30 francs a yard, handsome damasks, brocades, velvets, plush etc., often cost 50 and 60 francs a yard, though the scale of charges will run down to 5 or 6 francs at sale times. Summer prints and batistes are worth from 19 sous to 4 francs a yard, lace for dresses from 5 to 40 francs, tulle for ball gowns from 2 to 3 francs. A bunch of artificial roses may cost 20 sous or 20 francs, according to quality, no really good gloves can be had for less than 3 francs a pair, and each extra couple of buttons adds another franc. A good medium price for a ladies' pair of ready-made shoes is 15 francs, and for boots 20 francs, for an umbrella [illegible] francs.

We have apparently exhausted the current prices of Paris, and we hope [illegible] potted advice that may be profitable to the reader who contemplates an early visit to Europe. If we have enabled him to get at the approximate idea of what a residence in the French capital will cost him our labor will not have been in vain.

KATE FILLONNEAU,

Paris correspondent of the London Queen.

The American Shipping Interest.

[illegible] for February.

The problem to be solved is how to provide our people with ships built at a low cost. When we can do this we shall make a beginning, though at first a slow one, in the work of regaining lost ground, and until we do this no healthy or permanent progress is possible. The highest rate of wages paid to men employed in the yards of American ship builders is not a matter that calls for the least consideration. One of the largest ship builders on the Clyde said to the writer five years ago that a number of American mechanics whom he had brought across from the United States to work in his yard, at more than current American wages, were the cheapest men in his employ. The labor cost of repairing a vessel in an American port is ordinarily less than the labor cost of similar repairs in the ports of Europe. We pay higher wages, but we exact more [illegible] the equivalent in [illegible] and [illegible]

[illegible] service. The [illegible] wholly on the cost of [illegible] as our ship builders have [illegible] iron, steel, copper, [illegible] require for their work [illegible] prices than [illegible] similar materials [illegible] part of the [illegible] The [illegible] radical revision of the [illegible] of these articles, in their manufactured, and wholly [illegible] would quickly place [illegible] upon its feet [illegible] vide the ships to own [illegible] in foreign commerce should [illegible] very nature of their [illegible] to the advocates of [illegible] system. The greater the [illegible] ports and imports the larger [illegible] while every [illegible] implies a lessened demand [illegible] Besides this the experience of a quarter of a century shows [illegible] protection may have been [illegible] to certain favored interests [illegible] try, it has simply extinguished American ocean shipping.

A radical revision of the [illegible] manner suggested involves, throwing of so many interests that as an immediate measure [illegible] it is perhaps impracticable [illegible] is the only certainly efficacious [illegible] arriving at the desired end. [illegible] method has been suggested, in it the substance of equity [illegible] recognizes that the domestic American merchant marine [illegible] to the adverse influence of the tariff and [illegible] the bill reported in 1882 by the [illegible] sional committee on American [illegible]

"When any vessel, steam or [illegible] be constructed and equipped [illegible] United States for foreign trade [illegible] ing the trade between the Atlantic [illegible] Pacific ports of the United [illegible] whole or in part of materials [illegible] duction of the United States, [illegible] or owners of such [illegible] titled to receive and collect from [illegible] United States a drawback or [illegible] in amount to the duty which would [illegible] been collected on imported materials [illegible] like description and of equal [illegible] with the American materials used [illegible] construction, equipment, engines and other appurtenances of [illegible] [illegible] drawback the [illegible] such iron or steel materials [illegible] iron and steel [illegible] not beyond the [illegible] plates, angles, bars and [illegible] vided further, that this [illegible] ply only to [illegible]

An objection that might be [illegible] this [illegible] is that it [illegible] drawback equal to the amount [illegible] that would be paid upon im[illegible] cles of the character described [illegible] equal to the difference in the [illegible] of these articles in the English and American markets, when, as a matter of fact, it would [illegible] than an offset, for the American [illegible] of iron and steel [illegible] ample, is rarely as high as the [illegible] selling price plus the duty. [illegible] to be no other way of [illegible] ing at an adjustment of the [illegible] protection [illegible] the American [illegible] builder, and the additional gain [illegible] was any, would be but slight [illegible] on the part of the [illegible] for the injury which the adoption [illegible] of a protective policy has [illegible] and build [illegible] chant ships. But if the [illegible] were to be [illegible] to [illegible] which now attempt [illegible] A [illegible] shipping interest [illegible] chant marine is to be encouraged, [illegible] government is in some way to [illegible] good to the ship-builders and ship-owners the losses they have [illegible] still [illegible] during by the maintenance of [illegible] system of industrial protection [illegible] only [illegible] now engaged in foreign voyages receive the benefit of [illegible] drawback, but all American merch[ant] [illegible] is might properly claim a share [illegible] this exemption from tax. It is true [illegible] our coastwise trade is protected by [illegible] law which forbids foreign vessels from engaging in it, but this is not an equivalent to the enhanced cost of construction brought about by the tariff restriction. If American sailing vessels and steamers could be built at two-thirds their present cost, as it is possible under the drawback system they might be, a great [illegible] as would take place in the coastwise trade of the United States, brought about by a reduction in freight charges to correspond with the lessened amount of capital invested in each particular vessel. The result would be all the healthier if there were no restoration of restrictive law of any kind, for not only would the ship owners be compelled to face foreign competition both in the coastwise as well as the foreign trade, and adjust their freight rates to these new conditions, but the ship-builders would have this same competition to contend with in the sale of the vessels they constructed, and thus would be prevented from receiving more than their just returns from the drawback accorded to them by the government.

In a word, the effect of a general drawback, with a repeal of the navigation law, would be equivalent to placing the entire shipping interest of the United States upon a free trade basis, that is, the only basis upon which a shipping interest can safely and permanently rest.

Features of Persian [illegible]

As to other forms of [illegible] slavery which still [illegible] [illegible] there is still one of the [illegible] [illegible] years ago [illegible] such [illegible] by the [illegible] chief feature of [illegible] gation of the peasant to belong [illegible] or estate [illegible] either form part of the royal [illegible] they are given as appanages to [illegible] the shah, his sons, and other [illegible] furnish them with [illegible] in fee simple by men of wealth [illegible] transferable by sale [illegible] royal lands are never sold [illegible] go with the estate [illegible] cultivate [illegible] may not change their residence [illegible] try. Such is the law of Persia, [illegible] has been [illegible] falling into [illegible] and letter.—S. G. W. Benjamin.

"I'll Try to [illegible]"

Gen. John A. Logan related the following: "On the morning of [illegible] coln's arrival in Washington [illegible] him at Willard's hotel, in [illegible] Mr. Lovejoy, of Illinois. We [illegible] as the new president [illegible] him, vigorous [illegible] and then [illegible] they [illegible] thankfully. 'As the [illegible]

LIGHTS AND SHADOWS.

EVENTFUL EPISODES IN LINCOLN'S REMARKABLE CAREER.

His Lowly Birth and First Great Sorrow. Interesting Incidents of His Childhood—His Courtship and Marriage—The Lawyer and the Politician.

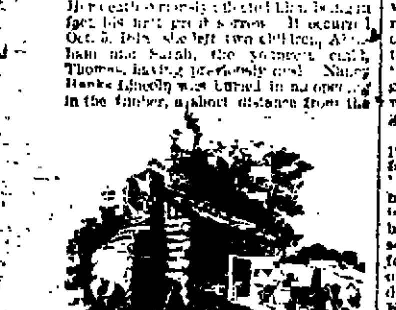
History never has held the record of any life that was so fully exemplified [illegible] does that of Abraham Lincoln the truth of [illegible]

[illegible]

In a [illegible] log cabin [illegible] Hardin county, Ky., Abraham Lincoln was born Feb. 12, 1809, just seventy-nine years ago. He was not only born but nurtured in poverty, and the cares, toil and scanty fare [illegible] were earned after [illegible] privations had [illegible] led up to a life and [illegible] the like of which will [illegible] be equaled. His [illegible] Thomas Lincoln and Nancy Hanks [illegible] his mother's [illegible]. At the time of his birth Lincoln's parents had been married about three years, one child—a daughter—having been previously born to them.

The mother was a slender, graceful woman of medium stature, [illegible] with dark hair, regular features and sparkling hazel eyes [illegible] with her [illegible] early age of 23 [illegible] was [illegible] lack of [illegible] husband had brought to her [illegible] saintly expression which afterward distinguished the countenance of her son. Compared with the mental capacities of her husband Nancy Lincoln's accomplishments were of a high order, for she could both read and write and her husband [illegible] of [illegible] wild settlement [illegible] was a sincere self-reliant spirit, which commanded the respect as well as love of the rude people with whom she associated.

Little Abe was only about 9 years old when his mother died, but her influence over him had been such during the few [illegible] always. She had found time, despite her trials and struggles, not only to teach him to read and write, but to impress upon his young mind that love of truth and justice for which he was ever noted. Her death seriously affected him, being in fact his first great sorrow. It occurred Oct. 5, 1818; she left two children, Abraham and Sarah, the youngest child, Thomas, having previously died. Nancy Hanks Lincoln was buried in an opening in the timber, a short distance from the



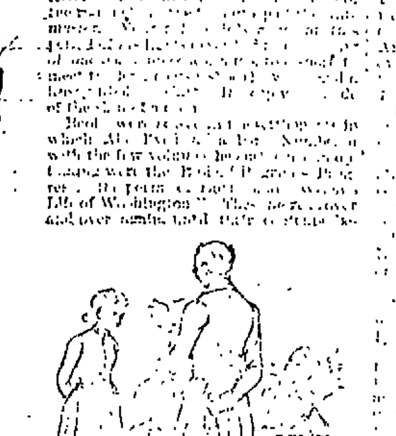
"IT WAS JUST A HUT WITH [illegible]"

Lincoln home, in Spencer county, Ind., to which place the family had moved in 1816. The spot selected was the summit of a wooded knoll, beneath a wide spreading tree. This grave is now fenced with a high iron fence, and at its head stands a white marble stone on which is inscribed the following:

Nancy Hanks Lincoln, who died Oct. [illegible] aged 35 years. Erected in 1879 [illegible] of her martyred son.

[illegible] a clergyman to perform [illegible] religious rites, the burial [illegible] consisting of the simple [illegible] by sympathizing friends. [illegible] was the remaining, it was on Thursday, for nowhere does death [illegible] in such a solitude. [illegible] often [illegible] to [illegible] this was [illegible]. Thirteen months after [illegible] a step [illegible] was introduced [illegible] household. She was a Mrs. [illegible] a widow with three children, but her heart was a capacious [illegible] Mrs. Lincoln soon [illegible] talents [illegible] was quick to appreciate. He was encouraged by her to study [illegible] [illegible] Nothing [illegible] All [illegible] as long as he [illegible]

[illegible] which Abe [illegible] with the few volumes he [illegible] were the Bible, Pilgrim's Progress [illegible] Life of Washington. These he read over and over again until [illegible]



[illegible]

[illegible] for [illegible]

[illegible] lington and other [illegible] having a special [illegible] for him. He longed to [illegible] [illegible] he marked out an [illegible]

In after days, when [illegible] Clay [illegible] [illegible] "the [illegible]" A truth of which [illegible] still more [illegible]

In 1830 the Lincoln family, with their [illegible] Illinois. [illegible] In 1832 [illegible] New Salem [illegible]

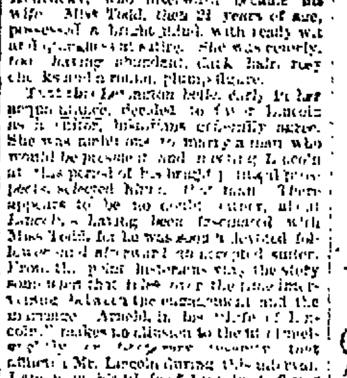
Lincoln [illegible] New Salem [illegible] Rutledge. She [illegible] with golden [illegible] blue eyes and [illegible] many suitors and [illegible] be married [illegible] but in August, 1835, she died. Her [illegible] death [illegible] With all his [illegible] Lincoln, from [illegible] cherished the memory of Anne Rutledge and in his recollections of her there was a poetry of sentiment. He associated with the memory of his first love [illegible] poem which [illegible] so often recited. [illegible] are the first stanzas:

> [illegible]
>
> [illegible]
>
> Yet [illegible]
>
> And the smile and the tear, the song and the [illegible]
>
> Still follow each other like surge upon surge.
>
> 'Tis the wink of an eye, 'tis the draught of a breath,
>
> From the blossom of health to the paleness of death,
>
> From the gilded saloon to the bier and the shroud,
>
> Oh, why should the spirit of mortal be proud?

An old friend of Lincoln's, Isaac Cogswell, long years afterward, ventured to refer to this early attachment, and in the conversation that followed the introduction of Anne Rutledge's name the statement "I loved her dearly. She was a handsome girl, and would have made a good, loving wife. She was natural and quite intelligent, though not highly educated."

At the age of 25 years Lincoln, the plain, sturdy son of an illiterate pioneer, found himself a member of the Illinois legislature [illegible] Sangamon county. The road leading thus far into his life had been an up-hill one, but he was beginning to realize some of his ambitions, and felt rewarded for past struggles and encouraged to press onward. In 1839 he met Miss Mary Todd, daughter of the Hon. Robert S. Todd, of Kentucky, who afterward became his wife. Miss Todd, then 21 years of age, possessed a bright mind, with ready wit and [illegible] She was comely, too, having abundant, dark hair, rosy cheeks and a round, plump figure.

That this Lexington belle, early in her acquaintance, decided to favor Lincoln as a suitor, historians generally agree. She was ambitious to marry a man who would be president and [illegible] Lincoln at this period of his bright [illegible] selected him. [illegible] There appears to be no doubt, either, about Lincoln's having been fascinated with Miss Todd, for he was soon a devoted follower and afterward an accepted suitor. From this point historians vary, the story somewhat that [illegible] over the time intervening between the engagement and the marriage. Arnold, in his "Life of Lincoln," makes no allusion to the [illegible] that [illegible] Mr. Lincoln during this interval. Lamon, in his "Life of Lincoln," affirms that "it was one Miss Matilda Edwards



[illegible]

[illegible] Mr. Lincoln [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Ann [illegible] Mary Todd [illegible]

[illegible] He did write a gentle letter to Miss Todd telling her that he did not love her, and [illegible]

[illegible] a year after [illegible] Mr. Herndon [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] born Aug. 1, 1843 [illegible] March 10, 1846, a second son was born—Edward Baker [illegible] Dec. 21, 1850 a third son—William Wallace [illegible] and April 4, 1853 a fourth and last child—Thomas—better known to the world as "Tad."

The tenderness of Lincoln's [illegible] apparent in all the actions of his life [illegible] especially shown in his own family. [illegible] his children he was [illegible] to his wife [illegible] He [illegible] which he regarded some [illegible] of his boys.

At the White House Mr. Lincoln was compelled by custom to adopt a life of conventional form and [illegible] had been the simple life he [illegible] He was [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] of all [illegible] [illegible] Abraham Lincoln, the man of the people, was no more.

The Old Sign, "Lincoln & Herndon."

[illegible] Herndon, showing Lincoln's unfailing friendship and love of old associates. When he was about to leave Springfield for Washington he went to the [illegible] William H. Herndon and himself had occupied [illegible] for many years as a professional copartnership [illegible] law partner, Herndon: "Billy, you and I have been together more than twenty years, and have never 'passed a word.' Will you let my name stay on the old sign until I come back from Washington?" The tears started to Mr. Herndon's eyes. He put out his hand. "Mr. Lincoln," said he, "I will never have any other partner while you live." And to the day of the assassination all the notices of the firm were in the name of "Lincoln & Herndon."

Crossing Swords With Douglas.

In 1858, while crossing swords with Douglas, after the passage of the Kansas and Nebraska bill, the power of repartee, for which Mr. Lincoln was so famous, was admirably illustrated by a most laughable retort made by him to Douglas. Mr. Ralph E. Hoyt, who was present, tells the story.

"In the course of his speech Mr. Douglas had said, 'The Whigs are all dead.' For some moments before speaking Lincoln sat upon the platform with only his honest, homely face visible to the audience. On being introduced, he arose from his chair and proceeded to straighten himself up. For a few moments [illegible] when and where his head would [illegible] its ascent; but at last it did stop, and 'Honest old Abe' stood before us. He began:



"HARK! FROM THE TOMBS A DOLEFUL SOUND."

"Fellow citizens: My friend, Mr. Douglas, made the startling announcement today that the Whigs are all dead. If this be so, fellow citizens, you will now experience the novelty of hearing a speech from a dead man, and I suppose you might properly say, in the language of the old hymn, "Hark! from the tombs a doleful sound."' This set the audience fairly wild with delight, and at once brought them into full confidence with the speaker."

"Honest Abe."

It was while Lincoln was salesman for Mr. Offutt in [illegible] he acquired the sobriquet of "Honest Abe." Of many [illegible] illustrating his integrity at this [illegible] [illegible] Lincoln [illegible] [illegible] the people gave him the name which clung to him through life.

"That Reminds Me."

Mr. Joseph E. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Secretary [illegible] Stanton [illegible]

Not a Latin Scholar.

[illegible] "Why, I [illegible] you are both aware, I do not understand."

THE MARTYR PRESIDENT.



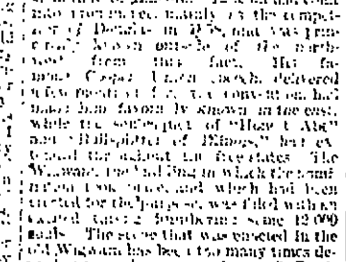
ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

[illegible]

THE NOMINATION OF LINCOLN.

One of Many Stories Relating How Mr. Lincoln Received the News.

In [illegible] had no parallel [illegible] in which Abraham Lincoln was selected for the presidency, May, 1860, the [illegible] candidates [illegible] Seward, Chase, Cameron and Bates. [illegible] Lincoln [illegible] Republican party [illegible] Douglas in 1858 [illegible] Cooper Union speech, delivered [illegible] the convention [illegible] known in the east, [illegible] "Honest Abe" and "Railsplitter of Illinois" [illegible] Wigwam, the building in which the convention [illegible] and which had been erected for the purpose, was filled with an excited throng some 12,000 [illegible] The scene that was enacted in the old Wigwam has been too many times described to need repetition here. [illegible] the nomination of Lincoln was hailed with enthusiasm, not only by the crowds in attendance and the northwest, but throughout the free states.



THE OLD CHICAGO WIGWAM.

In the little city of Springfield, 200 miles away from the old Chicago Wigwam, sat Abraham Lincoln, awaiting one of the decisive moments of his life. At last, in the [illegible] of intense excitement, a [illegible] from the telegraph office entered with the expected dispatch in his hand. He made his way solemnly through a circle of friends to the side of Mr. Lincoln and said: "The convention has made a nomination, and Mr. Seward—the crowd was on the [illegible]." Then, throwing aside all attempts at dignity, he jumped upon the table and shouted, "Gentlemen, I propose three cheers for Abraham Lincoln—the next president of the United States!" It need hardly be added that the call was heartily responded to.

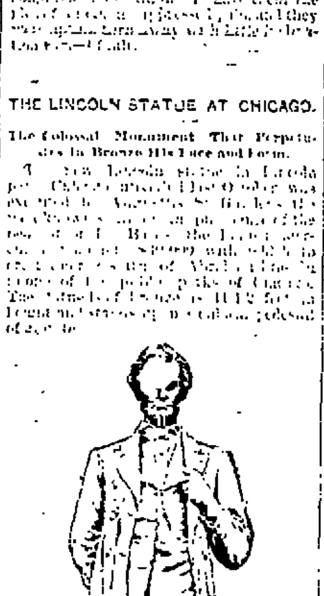
The War Is Killing Me.

It has been said, with some show of probability, that before Mr. Lincoln left Illinois he as well as others had a presentiment that he would fall by the hand of an assassin [illegible] cares, for wonders," says Mr. Stoddard, "if all that is [illegible] this matter were [illegible] [illegible] would there be to regard so very reasonable an impression at all [illegible] [illegible] strong [illegible] spoken of during the dark days that followed was [illegible] and was equally [illegible] To one friend he said: "The [illegible] [illegible] "If it were not for [illegible] I should die." To [illegible] a presentiment that I shall not outlive the rebellion. When it is over my work will be done." To another: "Whichever way it may end, I feel that I shall not last long after it is over." In 1863 Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe asked him what policy he proposed to pursue after the war. With a mournful [illegible] smile he replied, "After the war? I shall not live to see the end. The war is killing me." Mrs. Stowe [illegible] his face [illegible] [illegible] them the [illegible] [illegible] with little [illegible]

THE LINCOLN STATUE AT CHICAGO.

The Colossal Monument That Perpetuates In Bronze His Face and Form.

The new Lincoln statue in Lincoln park, Chicago [illegible] was executed by Augustus St. Gaudens [illegible] The height of the statue is 11 1-2 feet [illegible]



COLOSSAL BRONZE STATUE.

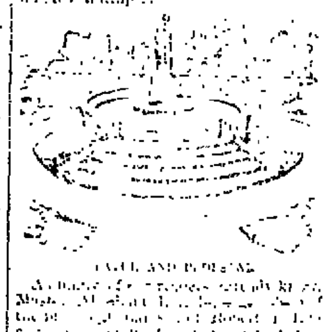
This [illegible] stand in the center [illegible] platform [illegible] [illegible] St. Gaudens [illegible] On the stone [illegible] are the [illegible] words of Lincoln, "Let us have faith that right makes might, and in that faith let us to the end dare to do our duty as we understand it."

On the other side appears this [illegible] from [illegible]

"With malice toward none, with charity for all; with firmness in the right, as God gives us to see the right." [illegible]

The pedestal [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

As [illegible] [illegible]



FAITH AND DUTY [illegible]

[illegible] Abraham Lincoln [illegible] Alabama [illegible]

Thomas Lincoln's Bookkeeping.

[illegible] Thomas Lincoln [illegible] by William G. Greene. It is here given in Mr. Greene's own words:

"In 1850 [illegible] at the request of Abe [illegible] Coles county, Ills., [illegible] the old man's house [illegible] that I felt embarrassed [illegible] me with much [illegible] already [illegible] house, and some of the [illegible] or three feet from the [illegible] He said that he could [illegible] [illegible] The old man inquired how [illegible] was getting along. He said Abe was a good boy, but he was afraid he would never amount to much, as he had taken a [illegible] were generally calculated to do wrong.

A O X D

[illegible]

"Here now," he said, "I cannot read or write a lick, but I can beat any bookkeeper I ever saw at making my accounts [illegible] [illegible] black mark. In the [illegible] four black [illegible] [illegible] for a [illegible] He put a mark to it to note the customer right over his door."

VICTORY AND DEATH.

How the [illegible] of Lee Was Followed by Lincoln's Assassination.

From the 9th to the 14th of April, 1865, were eventful, memorable days in the country's history, [illegible] never to be forgotten. On the 9th of April the news of Lee's surrender [illegible] the [illegible] White House to congratulate him, and with him to rejoice over the triumph. Full of hope and happiness, with the consciousness of [illegible] duties successfully performed, [illegible] filled with a [illegible] peace and happiness [illegible] over the [illegible] happy [illegible] On the morning of the 14th, directly after breakfast with his family, and while awaiting the secretary of war, Mr. Lincoln was observed to look very grave, and said to some members of the cabinet standing by: "Gentlemen, something very [illegible] is going to happen." [illegible] and have a presentiment [illegible] as I have had several times before, and always just before some important event. [illegible] alas! [illegible] That very evening [illegible] was stricken down by the assassin's bullet.

[illegible]

> [illegible]

Mr. Lincoln and Jerry Smith.

The Rev. Dr. N[illegible] is credited with having told the following anecdote: The president was very much annoyed by the persistence of a certain member [illegible] Jerry Smith [illegible] constituents. One day a [illegible] clergymen called upon Mr. Lincoln to pray [illegible] the country [illegible]

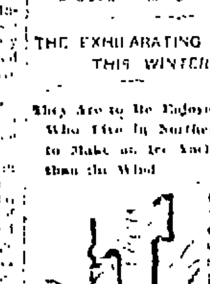
"Yes," said Mr. Lincoln, "I pray every night before I retire. I think of the hundreds of thousands of soldiers camped in the south tonight in tents, as well as the hospitals, and I pray that the [illegible] support [illegible] efforts to preserve the Union and the [illegible] I think of the thousands of desolated homes in the north, of the thousands of weeping wives and [illegible] children, and I pray God to give them strength to bear their burdens [illegible] [illegible] their husbands, sons and fathers have died fighting for the right. I think of my responsibility and pray for strength and wisdom. Then I look under the bed, and finding that Jerry Smith is not there with an application for office, I thank the Lord for it, turn out the light, lock the door, jump in between the sheets and go to sleep instantly."

Wickedness may prosper for a while, but, in the long run he who sets all knaves at work will pay them.

BOATING ON THE ICE.

THE EXHILARATING PLEASURES OF THIS WINTER SPORT.

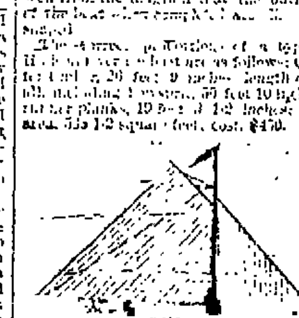
They Are to Be Enjoyed by Those Only Who Live In Northern Regions—How to Make an Ice Yacht—Sailing Faster than the Wind.



ICE boating! The very words are exhilarating to one who has ever seen one of that peculiar style of [illegible] yachts and a full sail [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the frozen bosom of some broad river. [illegible] sailing with the wind [illegible] [illegible] nothing but [illegible] [illegible] The ice boat is the swiftest of crafts. [illegible] the yacht on skates has [illegible]

The ice boat is a [illegible] A water yacht would [illegible] the [illegible] at the junction of the center timber and the runner plank is a [illegible] for the mast. From the after end [illegible] [illegible] the fore end of the center timber [illegible] the heel of the bowsprit. It will be seen from the diagram that the outlines of the boat when complete [illegible]

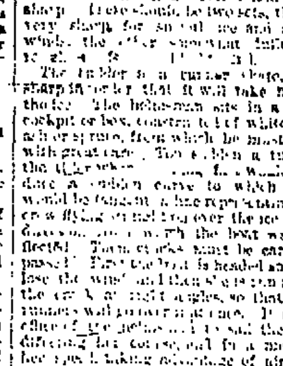
The dimensions [illegible] of a typical [illegible] are as follows: Center timber, 26 feet 9 inches; length over all, including bowsprit, 30 feet 10 inches; runner planks, 19 feet 3 1-2 inches; sail area, 335 1-2 square feet; cost, $470.



AN ICE YACHT'S CONSTRUCTION.

The material for building the boat should be well selected. For the center timber white pine will do, though a [illegible] wood is better. The runner plank or planks should [illegible] [illegible] The runners [illegible] of [illegible] white oak. [illegible] between these [illegible] as a pivot, allowing the runner skate free play up and down like a rocker. This is to provide for passing over uneven places in the ice. A rudder [illegible] over the skate to [illegible] The runner skate is made of white oak and shod with iron [illegible] very sharp for [illegible] ice and strong winds, the other [illegible]

The tiller [illegible] very sharp in order that it will take hold of the ice. The helmsman sits in a small cockpit or box, constructed of white pine, ash or spruce, from which he must steer with great care. [illegible] a sudden curve to which there would be [illegible] [illegible] over the ice in the direction [illegible] the boat was deflected. Turns [illegible] must be carefully passed. [illegible] the boat is headed so as to lose the wind and then [illegible] across the [illegible] so that both runners will [illegible] It is the [illegible] the helmsman [illegible] the boat, directing her course, and in a measure her speed, taking advantage of air currents, if [illegible] and, when required, to stop the boat with-



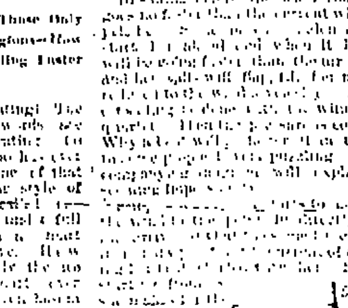
BEFORE THE WIND.

[illegible]

[illegible] keep the wheel [illegible] In a high wind an ice [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] will [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The dangers are not so great as might be expected. [illegible] the best will [illegible] but the [illegible] and stop her [illegible] [illegible] of the crew must [illegible] depend on the members thereof. One who has never experienced [illegible] the yachtsman [illegible] on the ice to sail by [illegible] its surface, would have some anxiety as to whether the boat would get [illegible] or thicker. If he should be reasonably certain of the latter, perhaps his sail would not be unpleasant; if he suspected the former, he could choose between [illegible] to be fragmented and [illegible] or drowned at [illegible]

To [illegible] the wind [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] puzzling. These [illegible]



[illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] rate of speed [illegible] Of course there will be some loss, owing to friction, [illegible] but, with everything accounted for, the boat will go faster than the wind.

As to toboganning, the yachtsman's costume is appropriate to the sport, but the beautiful colors of the toboganner's blanket suit are wanting in ice yachting, and the costume of the [illegible] He wears a heavy coat or several cardigan jackets under a heavy pea jacket or [illegible] his trousers are either tied [illegible] tucked into the legs of woolen hose; he wears linen drawers over woolen [illegible] and a fur cap is drawn down over his ears. When snow flies he wears wire goggles over his eyes and a wire cover over his mouth. Even with all these precautions he occasionally gets frost bites, often freezing his extremities in the excitement of the sport.

Ice sailing has been common for several centuries [illegible] north of Europe both for traffic and pleasure. Their craft have been simple in form and cheaply constructed, but have usually answered the purpose for which they were intended. In Russia the sled is moved by a [illegible] the helmsman sitting behind the rudder with the tiller turned toward him. In midwinter the Sea of Azof is covered with these peculiar ships. Ice boating is also in vogue in Holland, [illegible] better.

The ice ship may be found during six weeks after the first of January on the inland lakes and streams of the northern United States and Canada. Maine, Vermont, New York, [illegible] are [illegible] the principal centers of the sport. Thus far the Hudson river has produced the largest boats and the [illegible] speed. The principal field for [illegible] river ice boatmen is an area forty [illegible] long, of which Poughkeepsie is the headquarters. The prevailing winds of the cold season [illegible] across the course of the stream, thus furnishing fine conditions for rapid sailing. Here in midwinter one may watch from the hills which inclose the river the ice yacht and the railway train racing side by side, and if the wind is fresh the latter will seem to drag slowly along beside the former.

On the Hudson the speed attained is [illegible] In 1879 the [illegible] from Poughkeepsie to New Hamburg a distance of [illegible] in seven minutes and [illegible] seconds. The Snow Flake has made the same distance in seven minutes. In 1882 the Haze [illegible] the same feat, and at one time in her flight made two miles in one minute. In 1879 the Comet, Phantom, Zephyr and Magic sailed [illegible] miles in ten minutes, and most of the time with the windward runners elevated at an angle of 45 degs., on account of the brisk wind. It is said that a gentleman residing at Poughkeepsie wished to speak to his brother who had started for New York. He [illegible] the train, [illegible] the platform of the station at Newburg when it drew up.

Lincoln as a Horse Trader.

Mr. Lincoln once figured as a horse trader. [illegible] came out of [illegible] Lincoln and a judge got to bantering each other about trading horses, and it was agreed that the next morning at 9 o'clock they should make a trade, the horses to be unseen up to that hour, and no backing out under a forfeit of $25. At the hour appointed the judge came up leading the sorriest looking specimen of a horse ever seen in those parts. In a few minutes Mr. Lincoln was seen approaching with a wooden sawhorse upon his shoulders. Great were the shouts and the laughter of the crowd, and these increased when Mr. Lincoln, surveying the judge's animal, set down his sawhorse and exclaimed: "Well, judge, this is the first time I ever got the worst of it in a horse trade."

[illegible] ASTOR [illegible] STORIES.

Gossip About the Wealthiest Family in America.

[illegible]

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The first John Jacob Astor paid strict attention to business [illegible] and especially to the collection of rents from dilatory tenants, for which he developed an elf possessed of peculiar qualifications. In the latter part of his life when he was unable to take [illegible] Among other stories is [illegible] who was in arrears. As [illegible] [illegible] While the [illegible] one day [illegible] William entered the room. Being asked if [illegible] had paid, and answering [illegible] the father, while anxiously [illegible] the ceiling and the floor, angrily declared that the boys didn't know [illegible] they made the old man happy by [illegible] This is the story [illegible] heard it, and [illegible]

When the Hudson River railroad, now the New York Central, was projected, it was difficult to get subscriptions to the stock [illegible] would [illegible] The committee in charge [illegible] selected their best [illegible] old John Jacob and [illegible] but the first [illegible] of real estate [illegible] "My dear sir," was [illegible] "I hope the road will [illegible] but I am never a seller of real estate, but always a buyer."

[illegible] New York [illegible] and [illegible] real estate and make a [illegible] before any one else had [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] were of the [illegible] and far beyond the reach of public improvement.

As to the Astors' wealth, it is not easy for an estimate, but without doubt it is double that of Vanderbilt at the time of the latter's death, and will probably foot up $300,000,000.

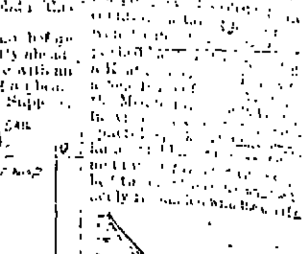
F. G. DE FONTAINE.

MOREHEAD'S NEW [illegible]

PROSPERITY [illegible]

A [illegible] History of [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

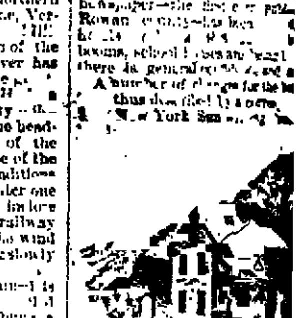


[illegible]

For nearly [illegible] Chase hall [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

It was at this [illegible] returned from a [illegible] 1,000 [illegible] among a [illegible] had agreed to [illegible] for their [illegible] "Battle of [illegible]" and three of [illegible] Tolliver and [illegible] came to the [illegible] place was [illegible]

Six months later [illegible] with [illegible] a deserted to [illegible] The terrorized [illegible] estate has [illegible] newspaper [illegible] Rowan county has been [illegible] booms, school houses [illegible] there is general [illegible] A number of [illegible] thus [illegible] by a [illegible] New York Sun [illegible]



ROWAN COUNTY [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Some of the Tollivers [illegible] It is said that [illegible] [illegible] always from [illegible] that they will [illegible] through [illegible] a [illegible] tion.

Joseph T. Johnson [illegible] Greenwood Springs has [illegible] [illegible] for [illegible] agency in Dakota [illegible] completing [illegible] Spring.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

Whereas, [illegible]

[illegible]

R. J. [illegible]

Dated at [illegible]

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

[illegible]BER 1103. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1888.—WITH SUPPLEMENT. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

[illegible]LEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[illegible] by Striking Po-[illegible]

[illegible] Sleeve[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Western Roads.

[illegible] Foreign Affairs Near[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

War of Rates Begun.

[illegible] Milwaukee & St. Paul [illegible] St. Paul [illegible] western as far as Omaha and Council Bluffs [illegible] Minneapolis and St. Paul [illegible] and the question [illegible]

The Treaty Published.

VIENNA, February 4.—The [illegible] treaty of alliance between Austria and Germany will [illegible] and Germany and the [illegible] powers of high and mutual [illegible] treaty as absolutely [illegible] and Germany will [illegible] clear up the situation [illegible] ensions and [illegible] mind.

The Presse [illegible] concluding as follows: It will be necessary, however, to await the effect which the publication of the treaty and the tendency its absence, with no doubt, fly exercise upon Russian public opinion.

The Extrablatt says: [illegible] of the treaty [illegible] effective for the preservation of peace. If the publication fails to accomplish the object desired, war will [illegible]

The Neue Freie Presse says it fears that no change in the present [illegible] situation will be effected by the publication of the treaty.

The Allgemeine Zeitung says [illegible]

BERLIN, February 4.—The Berlin [illegible] gave an interview with Prince Bismarck last Tuesday. They will [illegible] make arrangements [illegible] as possible [illegible] for the new loan on account of [illegible] and its preparation.

Several of the Berlin papers [illegible] upon the eminently [illegible] the treaty between Germany and Austria, the publication of which [illegible] must produce a [illegible] Paris and St. Petersburg, while [illegible] silence and warning that [illegible] Peace whoever they may be.

The [illegible] Situation.

BERLIN, February 4.—[Copyrighted 1888, by the New York Associated press.]—While the [illegible] regard the publication of the [illegible] German treaty as a [illegible] official and diplomatic circles [illegible] Russia [illegible] to force the [illegible] definite war or compel [illegible] permanent peace. The substance of the treaty has long been known to both the Russian and French governments. [illegible] the [illegible] Prince Bismarck and Count Andrassy [illegible] in August, 1879, [illegible] character of the compact [illegible] Prince [illegible] inducement to break off negotiations for a Russo-French alliance. [illegible] Prince Bismarck [illegible] French and Russian ambassadors [illegible] treaty. The [illegible] every European government [illegible] Prince Bismarck [illegible] All [illegible] its only [illegible] the [illegible]

Its appearance at the present [illegible] recalls the [illegible] of Prince Bismarck when he was reproached [illegible] for refusing to submit [illegible] certain diplomatic correspondence [illegible] since the [illegible] of Russia's [illegible] situation. [illegible] significance of the publication of the treaty at the present crisis [illegible] ultimatum, if Russia continues to send and push forward masses of troops and munitions [illegible] for an offensive and defensive alliance with France should [illegible] the central powers [illegible] of the Franco-Russian [illegible] commence to declare war. The cost therefore [illegible] Prince Bismarck [illegible] Monday [illegible] of the treaty [illegible] expected to [illegible] ation. The [illegible] surance of peace [illegible] and making [illegible] character and the [illegible] influence [illegible] will not yield.

Count Schouvaloff, Russian ambassador to Germany, [illegible] St. Petersburg [illegible] the [illegible] court. He will return to Berlin to-morrow and will see Prince Bismarck before the meeting of the reichstag Monday.

Debate on the military bill will be brief unless the progressive and social [illegible] malcontents insist upon talking. All the great parties have agreed to mark their sense of the solution by disposing of the measure without delay.

The report of Prince Bismarck's con[illegible]

[illegible]

A Fatal Accident.

[illegible]

[illegible] Frightful Attack.

LONDON, February 4.—At the [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Rain on [illegible].

MONTREAL, February 4.—[illegible] [illegible]

Hopkins Convicted.

CINCINNATI, February 4.—The [illegible] [illegible] defaulting [illegible] [illegible]

A Family Row.

LONDON, February 4.—A well known [illegible] was charged [illegible] assault [illegible] Lord Howard [illegible] Burrows stated that he acted in defense of his [illegible] Lady Dewsden, who was [illegible] drunk [illegible] wife's name [illegible] between Dewsden and himself, the former [illegible] Burrows was remanded.

The Crown Prince Improving.

SAN REMO, February 4.—The thickening [illegible] of the right side of the larynx of Crown Prince Frederick William is [illegible] gradually lessening. His respiration is better and the irritation which produced coughing has ceased.

HOME RULE.

Professor [illegible] Second Letter [illegible]

[illegible] Hungary [illegible] Relations.

[illegible] Austria, Hungary, Bohemia and Croatia

One State Striving to Realize what [illegible] Demands.

[illegible]

[illegible] The [illegible] of Hungary and the [illegible] of Austria [illegible] Home rule is [illegible] the relation of [illegible] superior power [illegible] Hungary and Austria [illegible] the [illegible] of Hungary [illegible] of Hungary [illegible] a dependency of [illegible] Austria [illegible] from 1848 to 1867 [illegible]

[illegible] Hungary [illegible] of Hungary [illegible] the kingdom [illegible] of Hungary [illegible] of Croatia [illegible]

Where home rule [illegible] the [illegible] of the common sovereign [illegible] of Hungary and Austria [illegible] two [illegible] kingdom of Hungary [illegible]

[illegible] of Croatia [illegible] The [illegible] correspondent at Vienna [illegible] home rule [illegible] in Croatia. [illegible] The strife [illegible] the people of Croatia who [illegible] the Hungarian [illegible] the [illegible] process of crushing out [illegible] for two years in the case of charges [illegible] But it is not the [illegible] relation. It is clear that the Irish people are striving to get what the Croatian people are striving to keep. The Croatian people would doubtless be quite [illegible] to keep their rights under the same king as Hungary, but if Hungary and the king of Hungary deny them their rights they may seek to be no longer a dependency of Hungary, but to be on a perfect level with Hungary, whether under the same king or another.

Take another case. The same prince who is king of Hungary and Croatia and archduke of Austria is also king of Bohemia. At least he calls himself so, though, as he has never received the Bohemian crown, his right to the title is at least doubtful. Now in strictness, home rule is a phrase which cannot be applied to the kingdom of Bohemia any[illegible]

[illegible] Bohemia [illegible] Hungary [illegible] kingdom of Bohemia [illegible] of Hungary [illegible] between Hungary and Austria [illegible] from 1848 to 1867 [illegible] Bohemia [illegible] the Vienna correspondent [illegible] other day the correspondent was blaming a Bohemian politician, because, [illegible] showing all devotion to the kingdom of Bohemia, his native country of which he is a citizen, he expressed no loyalty to the empire. It is worth while to stop and think for a moment what th's means. In formal language at this moment, the "Austro-Hungarian monarchy" consists of two parts. There is the kingdom of Hungary with [illegible] the king of Hungary [illegible] Hungary [illegible] of Croatia and Slavonia [illegible] a matter of [illegible] nothing [illegible] person [illegible] Hungary [illegible] king of Hungary [illegible] the kingdoms of Bohemia and [illegible] county of Tyrol [illegible] Germany [illegible] These [illegible] up the "Empire of Austria" and within them the common sovereign besides calling himself Archduke of Austria, King of Bohemia, and the rest, also calls himself "Emperor of Austria" as a common name to take in all those parts of his dominions which do not belong to the crown of Hungary. To [illegible] of [illegible] except in this negative way, a patriotic Bohemian is expected to be loyal. He may be perfectly ready to be loyal to his own King in his kingdom, he may be perfectly ready to have [illegible] person who is ruler of all the other states [illegible] enough for the [illegible] It is not very clear why he should care for "the empire" [illegible] Bohemia [illegible] Venice have [illegible] [illegible]

EDWARD A. FREEMAN.

A Saw Mill Disaster.

BELMONT, O., February 4.—A terrible explosion occurred in a saw mill near here yesterday. [illegible] when [illegible] father, who was at the saw [illegible] exchange [illegible] The [illegible] struck by [illegible] of the boiler and had his head torn from his shoulders. Charles Sullivan was thrown 50 yards, half of the boiler falling on him. He was literally crushed to jelly. Boardman [illegible] [illegible] legs and arms broken and soon died. Joseph Stubbs was struck on the head by a piece of heavy timber and [illegible] Frank Warren, Samuel Stubbs and Martin [illegible] were [illegible] scalded, one of them [illegible] Stubbs [illegible] two cannot recover. The mill was owned by the [illegible] Alamo [illegible] [illegible] About twenty other persons were at the mill when the [illegible] before referred to caused them to scatter.

The Petroleum Monopoly.

PITTSBURG, February 4.—In an interview Thomas W. Phillips, one of the executive committee of the Petroleum Producers' Protective association, stated that the 5,000,000 barrels of oil that had been set aside to be sold in [illegible] the [illegible] of oil [illegible] drillers who have joined the movement to decrease production is not to be thrown on the general market, but will be purchased from time to time by the Standard Oil company as it may need it to manufacture into illuminating oils. This is in order not to disarrange the petroleum market.

THE

Red Ticket Sale

Every Garment

Wearing a Red Ticket [illegible]

MARKED -:- DOWN.

[illegible] REDUCTION [illegible] We want money, and we are going to Slaughter all our Heavy Weights

Men's, Youths', Boys', Children's OVERCOATS

All [illegible] Red Ticket" on them. This is [illegible] when [illegible] save $ [illegible] or better on one now. Underwear all kinds marked down [illegible] We will sell you a

Splendid -:- Overcoat

FOR $15.00 AND $15.50.

[illegible] down from $12.00 to $10.00. Men's Suits with the "Red Ticket" marked [illegible] Low.

Men's Driving Ulsters

ONLY $1.50

Men's Driving Ulsters marked down from $12.00 to $9.00. Men's Driving Ulsters marked down from $15.00 to $12.50. They are worth that for one week like the past one.

BARGAINS

AT

F. S. Leonard,

No. 107 Pike's Peak Ave.,

Wm. Scott & Co.

Are continuing to Cut and slash on Hardware, Stoves and

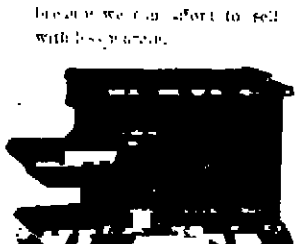
House Furnishing Goods

REMEMBER

That with every purchase of Fifty cents or over you receive a chance in the Drawing for the

Celebrated Charter Oak Stove,

To take place March 31st. Our prices are Lower than others, because we can afford to sell with less profit.



Stoves & Wrought Steel Ranges.

Hardware, Cutlery, Tools, Arms, Ammunition, and everything in the House Furnishing line,

No. 124 South Tejon Street,

NEAR ALAMO HOTEL.

WM. SCOTT & CO.,

PRACTICAL—

SANITARY PLUMBERS,

DEALERS IN

Pipe, Pumps and Fittings.

The most Modern Sanitary Work a Specialty.

No. 124 S. Tejon St., Near Alamo Hotel.

AT -:- REDUCED -:- PRICES.

Winter Underwear, Lined Gloves, Mitts, Caps, Wool Socks, Over Shirts, Cardigan Jackets, Etc.,

JOHN T. KELLEY & CO.,

[illegible]

REAL ESTATE!

-:-| HOMES |-:-

OF YOUR OWN

For the Same Monthly Payments

YOU NOW EXPEND

-:-| IN RENT. |-:-

I am selling lots in **Calvert Heights** on the **Installment Plan.** For **$150** or **$200**, distributed over a year, you can own a Good Lot in one of the most promising locations in El Paso County.

Calvert Heights

Is a lovely spot, close to the

:-: Midland Shops at Colorado City, :-:

And directly in the line of the great improvements being made in that [illegible] **Town**, or I can sell you lots in

PARRISH'S ADDITION!

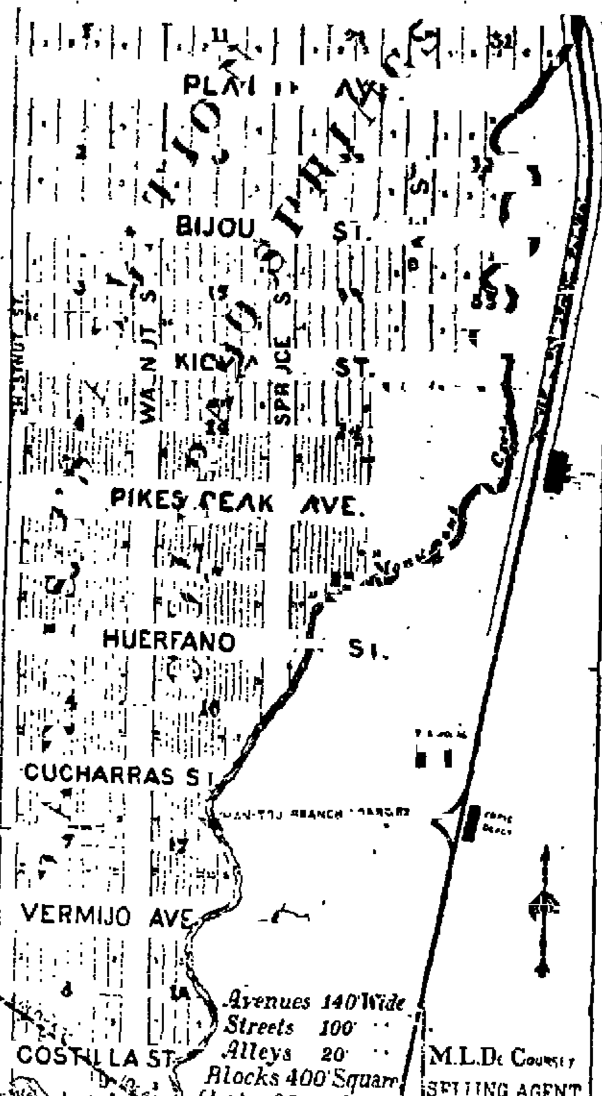
To Colorado Springs, also on the Installment Plan, so that by paying $10 or $15 per month you may, at the end of a year, own one of the most beautiful suburban home sites to be found in the great State of Colorado.

Parrish's Addition is convenient to Churches, Schools, Stores and Depots, and has the **Best Water Supply** of any part of Colorado Springs. Very shortly the Street Railway Cars will be running through it, from end to end, giving the [illegible] the convenience of a 5 cent ride to Colorado Springs, Colorado City, Calvert Heights and Manitou.

Buy Lots in Parrish's Addition

And I will guarantee you will make [illegible]

Below is the Plat:



I also have for sale some of **The Best [illegible] Lots** and others, in all parts of the city. Also for sale a full line of

IMPROVED PROPERTY!

Also for sale the

Best Ranches in El Paso County.

Several Splendid "**Spud**" **Ranches on the Divide,**" for sale at reasonable figures.

There are Fortunes to be made on **Ranches on the** Divide and **Don't you forget it!!**

Call and see me and go away Rich.

M. L. DeCOURCEY,

Real Estate Agent,

No. 3 North Tejon Street, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY
THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

DAILY—IN ADVANCE
Per annum ... $[illegible] | Six months ... [illegible]
Three months ... 2 50 | One month ... [illegible]

WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE
Per annum ... $1 50 | Six months ... .75
Three months ... 50

ADVERTISING
Rates made known on application to the office.

JOB WORK.
Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

All parties having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We can not hold ourselves [illegible] for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.

No [illegible] are allowed [illegible] of the GAZETTE to effect any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than [illegible]

[illegible] that we do not want any advertising from them.
B. W. STEELE
Manager of the GAZETTE.

The seventy-ninth anniversary of Lincoln's birth will be next Sunday. We publish this morning some reminiscences which in this connection will be interesting.

Ex-Senator Warner Miller has recently been interviewed on the tariff question, and gave a good many interesting statements and facts. His interview only shows that if partisanship was taken entirely out of the discussion of this question, there would be little difference between the position he takes and that of the so-called tariff reformers. Senator Miller is one of the exponents of the high protection party. He assumes that the tariff must be reduced, but says that the difference between himself and Cleveland is in the method. He believes in reducing the income through reduction in both internal revenue and customs duties. His reason for favoring internal revenue reduction is, to quote him, that, "if a reduction of seventy-five or one hundred millions be made from that source (that is customs duties) it will be seen that the whole protection tariff system will be broken down." This assumption is so often made that it is regarded as true. But for example, if we were to abolish the duty on sugar and the duty on fruits and nuts we should make nearly the reduction that Mr. Miller speaks of, amounting to [illegible] millions of dollars. If this were done, it would not break down the protection policy of the country nor affect in any way the price of labor, except on [illegible] which cover an area [illegible] of our western country. [illegible] It could easily be distributed in other [illegible] results. The [illegible] in this whole discussion is that there is an effort to make party capital, and so while many republicans and democrats are aiming at the same end and by not very different methods, one is called a free trader for it and the other, a high protectionist. But no plan to revise the tariff based on the idea of protecting American labor and American industries can be called free trade, and there has been no serious proposition to make any changes in the tariff without reference to these two things.

The country is flooded with almanacs, some of them good, only too many of them of trifling importance. The almanac of the New York Tribune for 1888, which has just made its appearance, takes its place, as usual, among the very few thoroughly good and reliable publications of this class. This is the fiftieth almanac published by the Tribune, and is appropriately called the "Semi-Centennial Issue." The price is 25 cents. The Tribune never carries its aggressively republican politics into its almanac. The book is a non partisan publication, reciting impartially and accurately the statistics and election returns of the country, summarizing fairly all the important enactments of congress and the platforms of the political parties in the several states, and providing a large quantity of popular information of general interest. The sole aim of The Tribune almanac is to be useful and accurate, and its honesty in this respect has made it the standard book of reference for political statistics which no competition has ever shaken. The present issue is prepared for use in the presidential year, and gives the popular vote for president back to 1828. A great variety of election returns, lists of officials, pension and trade statistics and other useful matter is crammed into the almanac, and the astronomical, tide, and planetary data are unusually full.

One of the most remarkable contributions to the present discussion on the tariff is a letter by the Honorable Hugh McCulloch, ex-secretary of the treasury, to a meeting in the interest of revenue reform. Mr. McCulloch was secretary of the treasury for a greater number of years, during the republican ascendency in national affairs, than any other man. Appointed by Lincoln, he held office under both Lincoln and Johnson. After the death of Secretary Folger in 1884, President Arthur appointed him secretary of the treasury. This was the office of all others that required a man in thorough sympathy with the fiscal policy of the republican party. Mr. McCulloch could not have received this appointment and confirmation unless he had been. All his utterances in his various reports met with the approval of the majority of the republican members of congress. He holds the same views now that he held when secretary of the treasury under Mr. Arthur. His letter dated January 25th, 1888, begins with the following expression:

DEAR SIR: Accept my thanks for your kind invitation to be present at the mass meeting which is to be held in Philadelphia on the 26th inst. to enforce and endorse the recommendations of President Arthur and President Cleveland on revenue reform. I shall not be able to avail myself of the invitation, but I have pleasure in saying that I heartily approve of the object for the promotion of which the meeting is called, and that I am very glad that the call is addressed, not to republicans or democrats, but to citizens irrespective of their political party relations.

This ought to set at rest the claim of those who believe in some modification of the present tariff that it is republican policy, advocated by the various secretaries of the treasury under Arthur, and pledged in the national platform of 1884. Mr. McCulloch announces himself as a disciple of Henry Clay, and claims that the tariff he wishes is the tariff which Mr. Clay would have advocated. His tariff views are given in the following paragraph:

What is now imperatively required for the promotion of the best interests of the country, and the whole country, are such changes in the tariff as will make it a tariff for revenue, with incidental protection, a tariff by which the highest duties consistent with revenue will be imposed upon the articles that come into competition with our own manufactures; such a tariff as was advocated half a century ago by the supporters of what was known as the "American system," such a tariff as Henry Clay, whose disciple I was, would advocate if he were living. Large revenues must always be derived from duties upon imports, and these duties, if judiciously imposed, would never fail to give to home manufacturers all the protection which they might need to enable them to compete with [illegible] in our own markets and at the same time to open a way for a free [illegible] with the South American states.

The Paterson (N. J.) Press has the following regarding a presidential candidate:

The suggestion made by Mayor Beckwith at the Phelps Guards banquet last night that the New Jersey republicans should present the name of William Walter Phelps at the next republican national convention as their candidate for president, deserves very serious consideration. It may startle some people for a moment. But let it be dwelt upon a little and it grows into a possibility of wonderful opportunity. The situation briefly stated is this: Given a candidate who can carry New York, New Jersey and Connecticut, and the republicans can surely elect the next president. They might do it without New York. Now that Mr. Phelps could carry New Jersey is conceded by almost everybody. His family connection with Connecticut is such that he would be a stronger candidate in that state than any other man. It is the same in New York. His relations with Mr. Blaine are such as to ensure for him, in the event of the great Maine statesman being out of the field of candidacy, a support from that giver as loyal and [illegible] both in the convention and in the canvass, of a loyalty and zeal which no other man could hope for. Is this not a combination of strong eventualities that should give the proposition of Mr. Phelps' candidacy for the high office of the presidency very earnest attention? We think so. We believe that democratic New Jersey can give the nation a republican president. The very fact that such a thing was possible would make state pride throw the beam of the doubtful scale in favor of the New Jersey candidate, republican though he is. The suggestion is not entirely new, but Mayor Beckwith presents it in a form that gives it almost original force, and we believe it will henceforth receive serious attention. It certainly will become more attractive as a measure of political policy the more it is dwelt upon. The modest banquet of the Phelps Guards last evening may yet prove of commanding national consequence.

A good deal more than this might be said in behalf of Mr. Phelps as a presidential candidate. He was a graduate of Yale in the famous class of '58, of which he ranked high among many brilliant men. He has been prominent in educational matters connected with his alma mater since, and would, therefore, commend himself to the educated people of the country. He has had greater experience as a public man than most of those who have occupied the presidential chair. For years he has been a member of the house of representatives. On entering the house, he immediately took a very high position for a young man. He has been put on important committees and brought in connection with our leading public men of the last twenty-five years, so that he has an intimate knowledge of all questions regarding the administration of the government. For several years he was our minister at Vienna, and therefore has had a better opportunity to gain an intimate knowledge of all questions of diplomacy and international law than any president who has occupied the chair since Buchanan. He has had from early manhood the management of a large estate, and few men in this country have a more thorough or wider business experience. At the present time the questions that are to be considered are of an economic character, and it is important that those who deal with them should have practical experience as well as theoretic knowledge. He has managed his estate very successfully and greatly increased his private fortune. This increase has been the result of good business sagacity and not of illegitimate speculation. He has never been regarded as a money getter. At different times he has shown a public spirit in the use of his money such as we seldom find. In the spring of '84, after the failure of the Marine bank, the country was on the verge of a panic. At that time the defalcation of nearly $3,000,000 of John C. Eno, of the Second National bank, was discovered. As a friend of the family Mr. Phelps was summoned. He saw immediately that unless the bank was saved there would be a panic. He therefore succeeded in inducing the father of the defaulter to put up a large portion of this defalcation. Though not a director he also advanced a sum, pro rata, with other directors to make up the balance. Later it was discovered that even this amount was not enough, and the deficit was not covered by ninety thousand dollars. Of this amount he put up half with Mr. Eno. The bank was saved and the panic averted. At other times in his career Mr. Phelps has shown the same public spirit. Just now, very justly, there is a prejudice against rich men in office, for the reason that these men have little to commend themselves except their wealth. But this prejudice will not affect Mr. Phelps, because he has demonstrated his ability and power in public life, independent of money, and has also shown that he can use his money wisely for the public good.

LITERARY NEWS AND COMMENT.

Miss Yonge's "Hannah More" will shortly be added to the Famous Women series.

Roberts Brothers will bring out this month or next the English translation of Renan's "History of Israel."

Miss Wormeley's next translation from Balzac's works will be "Le Lys dans la Vallée." The publishers announce that the "Peau de Chagrin," "Louis Lambert" and "Seraphita" will follow.

John Leech's famous "Pictures of Life and Character," from the collection of Punch, are now to be had complete in one volume for the moderate price of $[illegible], a new edition having been recently issued. [illegible]

[illegible] of the copyright question, the [illegible] calls attention to the fact that the penalty for [illegible] the [illegible] richest book [illegible] the United Kingdom is a fine of £10, which, it seems, must be inflicted for every such offense, [illegible] the value of every copy imported.

[illegible] reply to the statement that a million copies of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" were sold in England, but that Mrs. Stowe did not receive a penny on that account, Mayson M. Beeton, the son of the first British publisher of the book, writes that his father went to New York to present Mrs. Stowe with £500, which he increased later by £250.

The Amherst Chapter of the Alpha Delta Phi Fraternity has published in a neat volume a complete record of its semi-centennial celebration last summer, including Dr. Storrs' noble oration on "The Broader Range and Outlook of Modern College Training," felicitous responses to toasts at the banquet and the names and addresses of members of the chapter.

The Saturday Review gives a recipe for producing an infinite number of such books as "Apud [illegible]" [illegible] as follows: "Marry your [illegible] Obscurely intimate that there is no reason to suppose that the marriage will prove more satisfactory in the long run than usual. Insinuate a ghastly hint that, as there is no particular reason why you should stop there, perhaps some day you will go on. Leave off."

The third volume in the Boys' and Girls' Library of American Biography (G. P. Putnam's Sons) is a Life of Washington, by Edward Everett Hale. Dr. Hale has made Washington's diary and personal correspondence, some of which is now printed for the first time, the basis of the work, thus giving the young reader a view of the man in his daily life. This human side of Washington, the author thinks, has been neglected by most of his biographers who have been dazzled by the glory of his public achievements.

Abby Langdon Alger has translated from the Italian, under the title of "The Little Flowers of Saint Francis of Assisi," a series of legends about Saint Francis and his disciples. These legends were collected about two hundred years after his death, which occurred in 1226, having been handed down by word of mouth through that period. The translator has attempted to preserve the antique flavor of the original. The tales embody much interesting biographical material. [Roberts Brothers. $1.00.]

Mrs. Louise Chandler Moulton, writing to the Boston Herald about Robert Louis Stevenson, refers to the autobiographical character of his "Memories and Portraits," and adds: "Having painted so many vivid portraits of other men, he has at last condescended to follow the example of Raphael and Rembrandt and give us a sketch of himself. Strong if slight. [illegible] the work of Stevenson as he loves the books [illegible] his chosen six: I delight in his literary essays; I rejoice in his humor, the good fellowship of [illegible] the open air atmosphere of his inland voyagings. I am enthralled by his romances."

The following suggestions from the Book Buyer regarding the treatment necessary in the case of damaged bookbindings supplement the information in the October Book Buyer touching the repairing and renovation of the leaves of a book: "If the bindings be of calf and merely an appearance of newness is good, especially for those found [illegible] [illegible] cuffs such [illegible] after the [illegible] Mildew, which shows itself in the form of [illegible] brown spots, [illegible] cured, but its growth may be checked by thoroughly drying the volume. If the leather bindings are dilapidated, broken, rubbed or decayed, fill up the crevices with glue paste, then take the yolk of an egg, beat it up with a [illegible] and apply it to the leather with a sponge. To produce a polished surface a hot iron must be passed over it."

Mr. [illegible] tells this story about Frederick the Century: "After the first [illegible] was over, I [illegible] at night [illegible] that I had made a pilgrimage to [illegible] I spoke of the beauty [illegible] could not have been more [illegible] 'Yes,' he almost screamed, 'and I might have been there now, but for that infernal rascal's warrant,' pointing to each syllable of the adjectives one who would leave an impression there, and bringing the scale as if it were crushing [illegible] of the disabilities which a dissenter [illegible] resentment. I was [illegible] embarrassed by this sudden [illegible] which I should not here have [illegible] Mr. Lowell [illegible] hardly have [illegible] I am not sure whether he told me the story of his threat [illegible] of this [illegible] It may have been Mr. Kenyon who told [illegible] the way back to Landor. The [illegible] after he had performed [illegible] justice, Mrs. Landor remonstrated with [illegible] 'Dear Walter, I always [illegible] you would do something to be sorry for. [illegible] these fits of yours. [illegible] smoke and [illegible] always to [illegible] succeeded harder. [illegible] where [illegible] tempest, and when [illegible] seeing that a [illegible] Well, my dear, I am sorry. If that would [illegible] any good. If I had remembered that our best tulip bed was under that window I'd have flung the dog out of t'other.'"

FOR SALE

BY

F. G. ROWE!

A FEW CHOICE LOTS

IN A

New Allotment

ON

INSTITUTE HEIGHTS

These Lots are Not Far from the Center of Town, and Command a Fine View of the City and its

Charming Scenery.

Those who buy soon can secure the best Lots at Prices which must Advance Rapidly, as New Improvements shall be made on these Beautiful Heights.

Call Early & Secure a Bargain.

F. G. ROWE,

No. 17 N. Tejon St., - - Colo. Springs.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

Theo. C. Zahn.

FINE -:- TAILORING.

A Fine Line of Goods to Select From.
No. 132 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

Carriage Repairs.

FOR ALL KINDS OF
Carriage and Wagon Repairs,
[illegible]
John Schneider
No. 10 East Huerfano St.
[illegible]

NONE BETTER
[illegible]
Photographic Portraits
MADE BY
J. L. CLINTON.
[illegible]
PRIWITT BLOCK. [illegible] S. TEJON ST.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

[illegible]

SOL BAYARD [illegible]

NOTICE OF SALE.

[illegible]

CHARLES T. WALKER

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colo., this [illegible] day of February, 1888.

F. G. ROWE!

Real Estate and Insurance,

MONEY TO LOAN ON APPROVED REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

No. 17 North Tejon Street.

FOR RENT

UNFURNISHED HOUSES. [illegible]

FURNISHED HOUSES. [illegible]

RANCH. [illegible]

FURNISHED HOUSES. [illegible]

CIMMARRON ST. [illegible] cottage

STORE.
N. TEJON ST.—Desirable store building.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL.

Colorado Springs.

[illegible]

Colorado Springs.

[illegible]

Ranches.

[illegible]

Manitou.

4 ROOM COTTAGE. On the main street in center of city. 2,500
BUSINESS PROPERTY—On Manitou ave. 5,000
CAPITOL HILL AVE. Residence lot, one of the most sightly locations in Manitou. [illegible]

Glen View.

The most sightly lots in Colorado City. Unsurpassed view of the city, the mountains, the plains and Colorado Springs. Good roads of easy grades. Southern slopes, city water. Low prices and easy terms.

Colorado City.

LINCOLN AVE.—House of 4 rooms, city water, 2 lots. $1,700
CORNER LOT—On Colorado ave. 1,200
COLORADO AVE.—Business lot. 450

Now is the time to secure a home. There is still an opportunity to secure excellent investments in both Improved and Unimproved Property. Parties thinking of Buying, Selling, Renting, or Loaning Money cordially invited to call. Carriage always in attendance to examine property. e-1-tf

F. G. ROWE, No. 17 North Tejon St., Opposite Opera House.

JOHN POTTER

Real Estate & Insurance

No. 12 1-2 S. Tejon.

COLORADO CITY.

Business Lots.
Residence Lots.
Corner Lots.
Inside Lots.
Good lots from $[illegible] up.

LOTS ON FOUR YEARS' TIME.

[illegible]

COLORADO SPRINGS.

[illegible]

I have a large list of ranches. Also [illegible] lands.

MRS. QUESTED,
[illegible]
Ladies' Hair Work.
Old Braids made over. New Hair [illegible]
ROOM 7, OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK

THE GREEN MOUNTAIN FALLS

Town & Improvement Co.

DOES A GENERAL

Real Estate, Fire, Life, & Accident Insurance

Business, and Loans Money on Real Estate Security.

Examines Abstracts of Title, does Conveyancing in all its branches, looks after the property of non-residents. We are handling some of the most desirable property in El Paso county and can give bargains in Town Lots and Ranches.

In the La Vergne Addition

There are still a few lots left unsold. They are going fast on the popular Assessment plan. The total cost is only three hundred dollars, seventy-five dollars [illegible] and forty-five dollars at the end of the first year, and the same amount at the end of each year until the whole sum of three hundred dollars has been paid. THERE ARE NO BLANKS in this scheme, as every purchaser is sure to get a lot. And some one of the buyers is certain to get a lot with a SEVEN HUNDRED DOLLAR HOUSE ON IT, while some other one is equally sure to get a lot holding a FIVE HUNDRED DOLLAR COTTAGE. There are forty-four front lots, each one of which is worth at least five hundred dollars. Such a combination of chances as this affords is seldom met with. Do not let this prospect escape you, or you will be likely to regret it afterwards.

The time is short before the day of drawing will come around. Satisfaction guaranteed to any one sending us funds to invest in these lots. Correspondence invited, and all letters written to us in good faith from any section, east or west, cheerfully and promptly answered.

The Green Mountain Falls Town and Improvement Company,

No. 112 S. Tejon St., Colo. Springs.

Lowest Prices Ever Offered.

I have received from ST. LOUIS, MILWAUKEE, GOLDEN and DENVER, the last week

100 BARRELS OF BEER!

Which I will sell at the following cut rate prices. I can sell cheaper than any other firm because I buy all my beer and buy everything by the CAR LOAD.

BEER.

Anheuser Beer, 1 doz. quarts		$2 50
"	pints	1 50
Budweiser Beer, 1 doz. pints		1 60
"	quarts	2 50
Milwaukee Beer, 1 doz. quarts		2 50
"	pints	1 50
Golden Pilsener Beer, 1 doz. quarts		2 25
"	pints	1 25
Denver Brewing Co.	pints	1 00
"	quarts	1 75

WINES.

Bordeaux Claret, 1 doz. quarts	$5 00
" per quart	50
Hock, 1 doz. quarts	5 00
" per quart	50
Fine California Wines as follows:	
Port, per gallon	$1 50
Sherry, per gallon	1 50

[illegible] delivered [illegible] free [illegible] to any part of the city. [illegible] the County of Domestic and Imported Wines and Liquors [illegible]

A. STOCKBRIDGE,

Wholesale Wine & Spirit Merchant, Colorado City, or P. O. Box 81, Colo. Springs.

Grave Yards.

[illegible]

HELM & CO.

WEBSTER & McPHERSON,
BLACKSMITHS,
Horse-Shoeing a Specialty.
[illegible] Yard, West Huerfano Street.

Lily of the Valley.

[illegible] Roman Hyacinths, Heliotropes, and Violets, and other Cut Flowers. Call and give us your order.

Wm. Clark's Greenhouses.
Cor. Wahsatch and Platte Ave.

REMOVAL.

Thos. Hughes

Will Remove his Stock of

GROCERIES

—TO—

No. 110 Pike's Peak Ave.,

Two Doors East of Tejon St.

As soon as the building is completed. In my new quarters I will be able to attend to the wants of my customers in a more satisfactory manner than heretofore and will continue to carry a full line of Imported, Staple and Fancy Groceries. Choice Teas and Coffees a specialty.

I will continue business at my old stand, southwest corner Tejon street and Pike's Peak avenue. a-1 1m

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEW CHURCH.

Plans of the New Congregational Church Building.

To be Erected on the Corner of Tejon and Vermijo Streets.

Arranged in the Most Convenient Manner.

First-Class Ventilating and Heating Facilities.

[illegible]

Lawton, who presided in the absence of the newly elected president, Mr. [illegible]. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. [illegible]

Whereas, The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway [illegible]

Resolved, That [illegible]

The chair appointed as such committee [illegible]

A Model Vaudeville Show

Denver Republican.

The Howard Athenaeum specialty company, of Boston, [illegible] giving a vaudeville performance [illegible] the best ever seen in Denver. [illegible]

The programme presented by the Howard company is novel in a great many ways. There are no two acts alike. There are no waits. From the time the curtain goes up until the last curtain falls every one was [illegible]. The first performance was something of a sensation. Four Arabs—lithe, wiry fellows—with grace and strength opened in a very unique performance with acrobatic features. Both are brilliant examples of these skill and dexterity. The brothers Fonte Boni are very amusing, and their imitation of [illegible] tuneful. Mons Le Clair, a juggler, does some delicate balancing and amusing character effects with his hands on a transparency. Sweeney and Ryan are an Irish comedian act quite original in its way. The Irwin sisters, both pretty and [illegible], came favorites with the audience. [illegible] is good and the comedy work excellent. Miss Lizzie Daly is a graceful and nimble dancer, and appears to have staying powers. Reno & Robens who should remember that [illegible] do not drop their [illegible]. Hoey & Dailey are one of the funniest duos on the stage. [illegible] burlesques and sayings original and statically humorous. The performance concluded by Carl Hertz, a prestidigitator of merit, who does many mysterious things. The show was applauded from beginning to end.

Wool.

Sherman, Hall & Co., of Chicago, [illegible] that the receipts of wool [illegible] ending January 28 were [illegible] pounds against [illegible] pounds for the previous week, and [illegible] pounds for the corresponding week of last year.

The shipments for the week were [illegible] pounds against [illegible] pounds for the previous week and 1,271,314 pounds for corresponding week last year.

Receipts since January 1, 1888, have been [illegible] pounds against [illegible] pounds for 1887. The shipments for corresponding periods to date have been 1888, [illegible] pounds; 1887, [illegible] pounds.

Trade continues very active, but is now restricted in volume by a small stock and broken assortments of grades. Nevertheless, the aggregate amount of sales has been larger than during the corresponding week of last year, amounting [illegible] pounds for last week. The sales were largely to western manufacturers [illegible].

[illegible] and at the close the stock of domestic is much reduced. Prices have been slightly shaded to effect sales [illegible].

Pelts are steady. Pulled wool pelts find a quick sale within the range of [illegible].

The following quotations on Colorado wools are given:

Fine [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Medium	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coarse	[illegible]	[illegible]
Carpet	[illegible]	[illegible]

Mr. George H. Crosby, first assistant general freight agent of the Burlington & Missouri railroad, with headquarters at Denver, has issued a circular in which it is stated that the following freight rates went into effect on February [illegible]. These rates are subject to change without other notice than the adoption of a new tariff as provided by law. Between Missouri river points and Chicago: First class, [illegible]; second, [illegible]; third, [illegible]; fourth, [illegible]; fifth, [illegible]. Between Chicago and Denver and [illegible]: first class, [illegible]; second, [illegible]; third, [illegible]; fourth, [illegible]; fifth, [illegible].

The Alamo Arrivals—Harry W. Perman, city; Henry Holman, Salida; H. C. Hughes and wife, Miss Tiny Hughes, Cap Hughes, city; C. R. Mathews, C. M. [illegible], P. L. Meyers, Kansas City; E. G. Thompson, Omaha; Thos. H. Wiggles-worth, Denver.

Absurd Claims.

Dublin, February 4.—The Freeman's Journal declares that the claims of Irish landlords are absurd, and that their plans for compensation for the losses they have sustained in consequence of recent legislation cannot be carried out.

Board of Trade.

[illegible] of the board of trade was [illegible] in the city hall. [illegible] of members in attendance. The meeting was called to order by President A. L. [illegible]

RELIGIOUS WORLD.

Notes and Comments by the [illegible]

[illegible]

—Rev. A. J. Bray, of Paris, [illegible] Chicago lately upon the religious condition of France and the McAll missions. He declared his apprehensions in regard to the republic. He does not accept the view that France is settling down to peace and permanency, while other European nations are stricken by constant alarms of war. [illegible] A great work of reformation [illegible] is going on everywhere. [illegible]

When the question is so often asked, "Where shall we get workers for the schools?" [illegible] direct attention to one [illegible] of the [illegible] in North avenue [illegible] Sunday school, Chicago, has a [illegible] with an average attendance of 200 [illegible]. The teacher [illegible] is Mr. C. B. Holt, who is also president and superintendent of the Chicago Street Railway company. This school is held every Sunday afternoon in an upstairs hall over some stores. The room is a very large one, with uncarpeted floors, bare walls and the [illegible] overhead. It is seated with wooden chairs. The platform is a small one, having upon it two wooden easels, one containing a collection of songs, the other Scripture texts, the Beatitudes and Ten Commandments, printed upon man-

WOMAN IN PROVERBS

How Her Influence Has Made Itself Felt in the Utterances of Philosophers.

[illegible]

A woman's Good Name [illegible]

As a tongue there is a familiar proverb: "A woman conceals what she does not know." [illegible]

Look at the present day according to a well known Yorkshire proverb, "A [illegible]." [illegible]

[illegible] silence is the best ornament of a woman, although true in the abstract is [illegible]. And even as Mr. Jeaffreson rightly remarks, "When we come to learn the use of her tongue, proverbial philosophy insists, in harmony with Shakespeare, that she should talk gently in accordance with the wise precept, 'In the husband wisdom, in the wife gentleness.'" The talking propensities of women have been embodied in the not very flattering proverb which tells us how "Three women and three geese make a market." Turning in the

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

The government of Uruguay has decided to abolish export duties.

Sir Henry [illegible], [illegible] writer on legal subjects, died at Cannes yesterday.

The [illegible] yesterday took up the [illegible] [illegible], but no conclusion was reached.

Otto P. Clarke, ex-commissioner of [illegible], who was [illegible] [illegible] Tuesday evening, died yesterday.

The weekly statement of New York banks shows a reserve decrease of $661,000. The banks now hold $22,674,000 in excess of the legal rule.

Sir Charles Russell will move at London [illegible] to the address in reply to the queen's speech raising the right of holding public meetings in Trafalgar square.

Agents of the Panama Canal company are negotiating with deputies of the [illegible] the issue of a lottery loan of 775,000,000 francs.

Mrs. Cleveland has decided not to go to Boston to attend the funeral of her uncle. She abandoned a reception which she had announced for yesterday afternoon.

A Theatrical [illegible]

Denver, February 4.—The Howard Athenaeum company, one of the best vaudeville companies that ever visited [illegible], concluded a week's engagement at the Tabor Grand to-night. The company plays at Leadville, Pueblo and Colorado Springs next week.

An Editor [illegible]

Birmingham, Ala., February 4.—Tom [illegible] of the Herald, was shot and fatally wounded by Detective Sullivan this evening. [illegible]

[illegible] War [illegible]

Rome, February 4.—In a debate on the budget in the chamber of deputies, Crispi, prime minister, [illegible] Europe it was impossible for Italy to reduce military expenditures.

Publication of the treaty between Austria and Germany is not intended as a menace to Russia, but a reminder that peace is desired.

The Nicaragua Canal.

Washington, February 4.—The bill to incorporate the Nicaragua Canal company has been referred by the house committee on commerce to a sub-committee composed of Messrs. Clardy, [illegible], Wilson of Minnesota, Raynor, Lewis, Dunham and Davenport.

WANTED.

WANTED—[illegible]

WANTED—[illegible]

WANTED—[illegible]

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—[illegible]

FOR SALE OR RENT—[illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible]

FOR SALE CHEAP—[illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible]

TO RENT.

TO RENT—[illegible]

TO RENT—Two small furnished rooms [illegible]

TO RENT—Three furnished rooms with [illegible]

TO RENT—[illegible]

Delmonico Restaurant,

No. 28 S. Tejon St.

Sunday, February 5, 1888.

LUNCHEON.

12 m to 2:30.

Soup.

[illegible]

Oysters [illegible]

Cucumbers. Lettuce Salad.

COLD MEATS.

Ham. Mutton. [illegible] Tongue.

Mashed Potatoes. [illegible]

Coffee. Tea. Milk. Iced Tea.

DINNER.

5:30 to 8:00 p. m.

MENU.

Soup.

[illegible]

Fish.

California [illegible] Sauce.

BOILED.

Leg of Mutton [illegible]

ROAST.

[illegible] Beef [illegible] Potatoes. Young [illegible]

ENTREES.

[illegible] of Veal [illegible] [illegible] Farina Cake, [illegible]

VEGETABLES.

Mashed Potatoes. Baked Potatoes. Turnips. Sweet Potatoes. Green Peas.

PASTRY.

Lemon Meringue Pie. Mince Pie. Charlotte Russe. Sultana Pudding. [illegible] Assorted Cake.

Coffee. Tea. Milk. Iced Tea.

"HUB"

We wish to extend our thanks to the public for the liberal patronage which they have given us since our coming to the city, and hoping you will still continue in giving us a liberal share of your patronage.

OUR TRADE HAS BEEN

Far Beyond Our Expectations.

We will continue in the same building, where you can always find a well selected stock of Merchandise usually kept in a store of this kind and always at the very lowest price.

We propose to give away March 1st, 1888, commencing January 1st, 1888, to the purchaser of One Dollar's worth of goods

FIRST PRIZE.

Haviland 150 [illegible] French China Dinner Set, worth [illegible] $85.00

SECOND PRIZE.

Haviland 56 [illegible] French China Tea Set, worth $15.00

Now is your time to buy [illegible] cheap and take a [illegible] [illegible] and Tea Set.

CORNER KIOWA & TEJON ST.

"HUB"

Chicago Bakery.

FRICSON & GOUGH, PROPRIETORS.

Next Door to the Postoffice.

WE INVITE A TRIAL OF

Our Bread and Cakes,

As we are sure they will be found Superior to any in the city. We also [illegible] a Full Line of Choice Confectionery and

PURE HOME-MADE CANDIES

We have also in connection with our Bakery a

SHORT ORDER RESTAURANT,

And are prepared to fill all orders for Ice Cream and Ices. [illegible]

FRANK T. [illegible],

ARCHITECT.

OFFICE—North-West Corner Pike's Peak and N[illegible] Avenue. m 30-tf

Academy of Dancing

AND

DEPORTMENT!

ARMORY HALL.

Afternoon and Evening Classes. Pupils can [illegible] 411 East Huerfano St.

W. A. VARIAN.

MASSAGE.

[illegible] Leave orders at Robinson's Drug Store. [illegible]

Sinton Bros.' Dairy.

One-Half Mile S. E. of Santa Fe [illegible] Fountain City [illegible]

Fresh Milk and Cream Daily.

Mrs. Rebecca Heap Betiero

HAS REMOVED HER

DRESSMAKING PARLORS

TO

[illegible] EAST KIOWA STREET.

Ladies' and Children's Dressmaking in the Latest Style. All Work G[illegible].

Conrad [illegible]Rhau,

Professor of Music.

Instruction on the

VIOLIN.

Also Lessons in Singing, Harmony, French and German languages, Choir Singing.

STUDIO: [illegible]

Cor. [illegible] and St. [illegible]

L. E. DWINELL. W. H. McINTYRE.

Dwinell & McIntyre.

REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE.

BUY & SELL REAL ESTATE ON COMMISSION

Negotiate Notes and Deeds of Trust.

Effect Loans on Real Estate.

Write Insurance in only long-established First-Class Companies. Make a Specialty of Caring for City Property and Collecting Rents, Interest, Etc., and do a general

Real Estate Business.

Correspondence Solicited.

No. 10 North Tejon St.,

Colorado Springs, Colo.

MAYFAIR

The Finest Location in the City.

LOTS 100x190, ON

N. Cascade Ave.,

Only $3,500.

A. G. EARLE, 11 S. Tejon St.

LOWTHER BROS.' BAKERY!

A FINE LINE OF

Cakes, Pies, Etc., Always on Hand.

Fresh Candies, Fruit & Confectionery.

Headquarters for the Finest Bread.

FRANK W. LOTT,

DEALER IN

WATCHES, CLOCKS, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY,

Solid Silver and Plated Ware, Fine Tea Sets, Ice Sets, Cutlery, the Celebrated Electric Razors and Scissors. All Goods Warranted.

FINE WATCH WORK, DIAMOND SETTING, MANUFACTURING,

Engraving and Repairing Solicited

Native Jewelry a Specialty.

ESTABLISHED 1873.

El Paso County BANK!

CAPITAL PAID IN [illegible]

SURPLUS [illegible]

[illegible] Drafts drawn on the United States and [illegible]

WM. S. JACKSON, Cashier.

J. H. BARLOW, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS OF THE BANK.

W. [illegible] E. B. White. J. H. [illegible]

USE

Amole Hair Dressing!

The only Sure Preventive and Cure for Falling out of the Hair, BALDNESS and Dandruff. [illegible] SOAP [illegible] from the AMOLE Plant. Mexicans use [illegible] Why? Because they use AMOLE [illegible] their [illegible]. Ask your Druggist for it. Manufactured by THE [illegible] LABORATORY CO., Santa Fe, N. M.

Pike's Peak Avenue RESTAURANT,

No. 124 Pike's Peak Avenue.

SHORT ORDERS and DINNERS In Any Style, at all Hours.

C. O. NYBERG [illegible] PROPRIETOR.

W. F. McLAIN,

[illegible] and Retail [illegible]

Fresh Fruits of All Kinds,

CHOICE CANDIES AND NUTS OF ALL KINDS.

Finest Brands of Cigars and Tobaccos

Fresh Oysters,

IN BULK OR CANS.

For Sale & Served in Every Style

NO. 14 S. TEJON ST.

GO TO

C. L. Gillingham

For the finest Photographs made in Colorado. Also Picture Frames, Artist Materials, and Photo Albums, Colorado Wild Flowers and Novelties.

No. 15 S. Tejon St., Ground Floor

Opera House Bakery.

WILLIAM BUSH, PROP.

16 NORTH TEJON ST.

BREAD, BUNS,

PIES, ROLLS.

A Large Assortment of Cakes Daily.

A Full Line of Choice Confectionery always on hand.

Fruit Cakes, [illegible] Cakes, [illegible] Cakes, Etc., Made to Order.

"THE DELMONICO."

J. O. READ, PROP.

No. 28 S. Tejon St.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

Short Orders at any hour. Table board $5.00 a week. Breakfast from 5 a. m. till 9 a. m. Transient rates $1.50 to $2.00 per day. Remember we never close.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Consolidated [illegible] Company will be held at the office of the company, in Colorado Springs, Colorado, on Tuesday, February 14th, 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the election of a board of directors and for the transaction of other lawful business.

Dated Feb. [illegible], 1888, Colorado Springs, Colo.

A. G. EARLE, [illegible]



D[illegible] & [illegible],

[illegible]

19 and 21 Huerfano St.

Alamo Livery Stable!

[illegible]

H. H. STEVENS, Proprietor.

ROSENBERG & SEAMANS!

Engineers, Architects & Map P[illegible]

[illegible]

CITY MEAT MARKET.

Callaway & Stark, Props.

Fresh Meats, Mutton, Pork,

POULTRY, ETC.

GAME -:- OF -:- ALL -:- KINDS

IN SEASON.

Consignments of Fresh Fish

[illegible]

No. 12 S. Tejon St., Colorado Springs.

H. I. REID,

City Engineer and County Surveyor

J. S. LUCKRAFT, Deputy

[illegible] and Estimates given on all kinds of surveying work.

Office at Court House, Colorado Springs.

JOSEPH DOZIER,

Contractor and Builder

SHOP ON PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE

F. E. BAXTER,

Civil Engineer.

Surveys and [illegible] Drafts and [illegible] Land Surveying and [illegible]

OFFICE—No. 10 North Tejon St., with Mills & Dwinell.

Mrs. LAWSON,

No. 315 Pike's Peak Ave.

First-Class Dressmaking



NewspaperARCHIVE®

NewspaperARCHIVE®

THE GAZETTE.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1888.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE RAILROAD.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 1. Leadville Mail, arrives 11:30 a. m., departs 11:35 a. m.
No. 7. Pacific Express, for Gunnison, Salt Lake, El Paso and California, arrives 12:32 p. m., departs 12:40 p. m.
No. 5. Pueblo accommodation arrives 4 p. m., departs 5:05 p. m.
No. 3. Leadville Express, arrives 11:55 p. m., departs 11:05 p. m.
No. 11. Durango Express, arrives 12:12 a. m., departs 12:?? a. m.
No. 9. Pacific Express, for Salt Lake and California, arrives 1:?? a. m., departs 1:?? a. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No. 12. Leadville, Durango and Silverton Express, arrives 2:55 a. m., departs 2:58 a. m.
No. 2. Denver Exp., arrives at 4:40 a. m., departs at 4:45 a. m.
No. 1?. Atlantic Exp., from Salt Lake and California, arrives at 4:?? a. m., departs 4:?? a. m.
No. 6. Pueblo Express, arrives 10:55 a. m., departs 10:?? a. m.
No. 4. Denver mail arrives 4:02 p. m., departs 4:10 p. m.
No. 8. Atlantic Express, from California, Salt Lake and Gunnison, arrives 5:40 p. m., departs 5:45 p. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities east at the depot. Parties can check their own ...

Trains now running through to Leadville, Pullman palace sleepers attached to all trains. Horton reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge to the Grand Canon.

For full information call on or address,

J. M. ELLISON, AGENT.

COLORADO SPRINGS & MANITOU R. R.

WESTWARD.		EASTWARD.	
No. 1—Leaves 11:25 a. m.	No. 2 Arrive 11:50 a. m.
No. 3 " 12:40 p. m.	No. 4 " 12:30 p. m.
No. 5 " 2:45 p. m.	No. 6 " 2:05 p. m.
No. 9 " 4:05 p. m.	No. 4 " 3:50 p. m.
No. 5 " 5:05 p. m.	No. 8 " 4:55 p. m.

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE.

Union Depot, East Pike's Peak Avenue.

LEAVING FOR DENVER.

Santa Fe Exp. ... 11:00 A. M.
Santa Fe Express ... 4:11 A. M.
Colorado Midland Exp. ... 4:00 A. M.
Colorado Midland Exp. ... 4:?? P. M.

ARRIVING FROM DENVER.

Santa Fe Exp. ... 4:4? P. M.
Santa Fe Exp. ... 11:25 P. M.
Colorado Midland Express ... 11:00 A. M.
Colorado Midland Exp. ... 12:15 A. M.

LEAVING FOR LEADVILLE.

Colorado Midland Exp. ... 11:15 A. M.
Colorado Midland Exp. ... 12:25 A. M.

ARRIVING FROM LEADVILLE.

Colorado Midland Exp. ... 8:50 A. M.
Colorado Midland Exp. ... 2:30 P. M.

LEAVING FOR KANSAS CITY, MO.

Santa Fe Exp. ... 4:45 P. M.
Santa Fe Exp. ... 11:25 P. M.

ARRIVING FROM KANSAS CITY, MO.

Santa Fe Exp. ... 3:?0 A. M.
Santa Fe Exp. ... 11:00 A. M.

All trains ... through ... Via all routes ... tickets on sale ...

C. G. HOYT, Agent.

DENVER, TEXAS & GULF RAILWAY.

[illegible]

Mr. W. F. McKeehan has ... a business trip to Kansas.

Mr. F. E. Johnson, has resigned his position with Mr. Duncan Bell.

The Howard Athenæum company at the opera house to-morrow evening.

The first Raymond excursion of the season is due at Manitou March 14th.

Mr. D. B. Hadley, a prominent lawyer of Kansas City, is registered at The Antlers.

Mr. William Marlow will soon visit the western part of the state in search of a business location.

Rev. A. C. Peck will preach to-day, both morning and evening at the First Methodist church.

Rev. George E. Merrill will preach today both morning and evening at the First Presbyterian church.

The funeral of Mrs. J. S. Black took place at Nashua, New Hampshire, last Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The first deed from the West Colorado Springs Land company was filed for record with the county clerk yesterday.

Captain Armstrong, of London, who spent last season at the Iron Springs hotel, made Manitou a visit last Thursday.

Grand View Arrivals: Miss Gertrude Hunter, city; A. Coleman, Grand Rapids; J. H. Falke, Colonel Carlton, D. Bauman, Denver.

Deputy County Surveyor Lockraft has completed the laying out of the Kavanagh road, which runs southeast from Easonville.

The material for the Newton Lumber company's saw mill to be erected in the northwestern section of city is all upon the ground.

The real estate market has been more active the past few days than for several weeks. A large number of transfers have been made.

Mr. F. H. Gay will about February 20th remove to No. 9 South Tejon street and until then will continue to sell boots and shoes cheap.

Dr. A. H. Garnett is the local surgeon of the Colorado Midland Railway company, and has charge of the patients at the St. Francis hospital.

The great iron bridge of the Midland over Maroon creek at Aspen has been completed, and the first through passenger train passed over it yesterday.

Mr. George Livingston, who has been connected with the office of the Denver, Texas and Gulf railroad in this city, has been appointed agent of the road at El ...

Services at the Congregational church, Bijou street opposite Acacia park, at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. James B. Gregg, the pastor, will preach at both services.

The addition and improvements to the county jail which have been in progress for the past few weeks are completed with the exception of the painting, which is now being done.

Yesterday morning Police Magistrate ... fined ... for discharging his revolver in a reckless manner on Tejon street at an early hour yesterday morning.

Mr. W. W. Morehead, bookkeeper for the firm of Neale & Co., died at his residence, in the southern part of the city, on Friday night. His remains will be sent to Glasgow, Missouri, for interment.

Messrs. Charles and Scott Kaas ... were connected with the Manitou house in 1872, are now proprietors of the Westminster hotel at Los Angeles and the St. Charles hotel at San Bernardino, California.

The police magistrate yesterday afternoon fined three men $10 and costs for vagrancy and one man $25 and costs for drunkenness. They will be given an opportunity to work out their fines on the streets.

Preaching to-day both morning and evening at the Methodist church South, corner of Cucharas and Weber streets, by the pastor Rev. P. L. Stanton. "The Transfiguration" will be the subject of both discourses.

Chief Ferrin has received the maps which were drawn by Mr. M. Seamans, and which show the exact location of every fire plug in the city. Each of the fire companies will be supplied with one of these maps.

In another column will be found the bills of fare of the sumptuous repasts which the proprietor of the Delmonico has prepared for his guests to-day. Luncheon will be served from 12 to 2:30 p. m., and dinner from 5:30 to 8 p. m.

Public worship to-day at the First Baptist church, with sermon by the pastor, Rev. Richard Montague at 11 a. m. Baptism and Lord's supper. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Young people's meeting at 6:15 p. m. Gospel meeting at 7:30 p. m.

Sperry & Tuckerman received yesterday over a ton of the celebrated Sherwin Williams paints, which have become so popular in this vicinity. The Antlers Hotel and many other buildings in the city are painted with this paint, furnished by Messrs. Sperry & Tuckerman, who are the exclusive agents for El Paso county.

Articles of incorporation of The Hutchinson-Williams Livery company were yesterday filed with the county clerk. The incorporators are Austin Hutchinson, Arthur B. Williams, Walter D. Sawin, Alfred Cree and Grayson R. Fowler. The object of the company is to carry on a livery business and in connection therewith blacksmith and carriage repair shops in Manitou and Colorado Springs. The term of existence is placed at twenty years, and its capital stock at $30,000, divided into 300 shares of the par value of $100 each. The directors who are to serve for the first year are the same as the incorporators. The principal office of the company will be at Manitou and its business will be conducted in El Paso county.

The Colorado Electric company has just been organized and will have its principal office in Colorado Springs. This company controls the Johnson heat-regulating apparatus, an electrical device for automatically maintaining an even temperature in dwellings, hotels and other buildings, whatever method of heating be employed. The system has been extensively adopted in the east and in some places in Colorado. Its patrons endorse the claim of the company that this apparatus promotes health and comfort and secures economy of fuel. The officers of the company are S. Wild Phelps, president; Samuel H. Kinsley, vice president and manager; J. J. Gillespie, secretary and treasurer. Office at No. 19 North Tejon street.

We are glad to announce that in the absence of Rev. Mr. Black his place in the lecture course for the free reading room will be filled by the Very Rev. Dean Hart of Denver. The dean is one of the foremost pulpit orators of Colorado and also a very attractive lecturer. It is, we believe, his first appearance before a Colorado Springs audience, and this fact lends an especial interest to a lecture course already rich in promise of entertainment and profit. Tickets for the course of eight lectures are for sale at the reading room and at the Consolidated Book Store. The popular price, only $1 for the course, should sell every seat. We are glad to know that the tickets are selling rapidly.

The articles of incorporation of "The People's Street Railway company" with Messrs. A. Armentrout, W. S. Nichols, E. W. Giddings, D. B. Fairley and Leopold Robertson as incorporators, have been filed with the county clerk. The object of the company is to construct, maintain and operate a street railway in the city of Colorado Springs and in the towns of Colorado City and Manitou, and to construct, maintain, and operate a street railway from Colorado Springs to the above mentioned towns. Also to acquire and hold title to such real estate as may be deemed best for the prudential and economical management of the affairs of the company. Its capital stock is placed at $100,000, divided into 1000 shares of the par value of $100 each. The stock is non-assessable. The directors for the first year are the same as the incorporators. The principal office of the company will be in this city and its business will be conducted in El Paso county.

MARRIED.

Pierce—Swift—In this city, January 30th, by the Rev. Richard Montague, Mr. George Pierce and Miss Annie Swift, all of this city.

DIED.

Morehead—In this city on the ... W. W. Morehead, aged ... years.

Interment at Glasgow, Mo.

NOTICE.

In order to receive complaints and subscriptions to the GAZETTE, I will be at the GAZETTE office daily from eleven to one.

H. B. TAYLOR, Creditor.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Advertisements under this head ... cents per line for first insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent insertion ...

HALLETT & BAKER.

Undertakers and Embalmers.

No. 8 Pike's Peak Avenue.

If you want furniture for the Parlor, Bed chamber, Sitting Room, Library, Office, Dining Room, Hall or Kitchen, a Fancy Table or Bric-a-brac, Fine Art Specialties, or if you want Crockery, Glassware, Silverware, Cutlery, Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, a Stove or Kitchen Utensils, Wooden and Hollow Ware, Bedding, Floor and Window Shades, Poles, and Draperies, don't fail to inspect our stock, always well kept up, of the latest and best styles to be had of the Grand Rapids, Chicago, New York and Boston Manufacturers and Importers.

Or, if you have Parlor or other Furniture to make over, Mattresses to make over, or anything in way of Specialties made to order, we have the Best Facilities for doing such work, and will guarantee satisfaction.

Respectfully,

FAIRLEY BROS.,

General House Furnishers.

The Reduction sale of Watches is still rushing at Ashby's.

Something new in Imported Cigarettes: "Sector Ganache" just in at Tribe's.

The Woman's Exchange has made an arrangement by which it can supply its customers with Broadmoor butter every day after February 8.

People who have been east over the Great Wabash Route express themselves as pleased with its elegant equipment and fast time, but more particularly with the Low Rates, procured through Mr. C. M. Hampson, Commercial Agent, No. 10 Windsor Block, Denver. Write to him.

Jewelry, Diamonds, Watches, Silverware and Native Jewelry. Manufacturing, Plating, Watch Repairing and Diamond Setting, at A. G. EAGLE'S.

An elegant assortment of HUYLER'S fancy baskets in stock at TRIBE'S, 27 North Tejon street.

NEW TRAIN TO KANSAS CITY.

The Burlington Route will run daily trains to Kansas City, leaving Denver at 7:30 p. m., arriving at Kansas City at 6:30 p. m. next day, making all connections for the east and south.

This train carries through sleeper and coach to Kansas City, also through sleeper to Chicago without change.

The Burlington ... runs through train to ... via St. Joseph, leaving Denver daily at 10 a. m.

The Burlington No. 2 Chicago Express leaves Denver at daily at 8 p. m., and makes the run to Chicago and Chicago in less time than via any other route.

This train carries through sleepers and ... without change.

For first-class work go to M. O'Sullivan, MERCHANT TAILOR, room 5 over First National Bank, Colorado Springs.

New lot of Briar Pipes just received at TRIBE'S.

LUXURIOUS TRAVELING.

The Union Pacific Ry. is rapidly getting to the front under the able management of Mr. Potter. They are now running four daily trains to Council Bluffs, Kansas City and the East, and two to Salt Lake and the West. Pullman's latest improved sleepers attached to each train (and they are the finest in the country). The fast train leaves Denver daily at 8:15 p. m., and arrives in Chicago next day ... following morning 8:00 a. m. Old Reliable K. P. L., leaves as usual daily at 8:05 p. m. Morning train for Omaha and Chicago leaves at ... a. m. for Kansas City at 7:00 a. m. Trains for the West daily at 1:15 p. m. and 11:45 p. m. ... from this city arrive in time to ... with all U. P. trains East and West. Tickets sold ... at the D. & R. G. ... J. M. Ellison, Agent; D. B. ... General Agent.

You are invited to call and see Ashby's fine ...

... Lace curtains ... Holland linen at the Midland ...

If you want a suit of clothes, call on T. C. ..., 18 E. Pike's Peak ave., and get a perfect and stylish fit. A fine new stock to select from.

Dr. W. K. Sutton, Dentist, removed to Pike's Peak ave., ... Nevada.

Opera -:- House!

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Monday, February 6.

THE -:- BOSTON

Howard Athenaeum Specialty

-:- COMPANY -:-

25--ARTISTS--25

... from the Best Artists of Europe and America.

Popular Prices of Admission.

Reserved seats on sale at ...'s Drug Store Friday morning.

CHEYENNE -:- CREEK.

If you want one of the most lovely building lots in El Paso county, buy on Cheyenne Creek, of

The Hour Real Estate

AND LOAN AGENCY.

No. 4 North Tejon Street.

Money to Loan on Realty and Chattels.

ALWAYS CALL

-FOR-

Mellen's Views!

Lantern Slides made to order from 100 Negatives.

Holmes & Sumner

BOOTS & SHOES.

HOW CAN THEY Do It? EASTERN PRICES!

Boots & Shoes.

30 1-2 N. TEJON ST.



The Largest and Best Selected Stock of

Boots & Shoes.

In the city, at prices to suit the times.

FLORANCE & MURPHEY

124 S. Tejon Street.

M. KENNEDY!

No. 9 North Tejon Street.

REAL -:- ESTATE, -:- LOANS, -:- INSURANCE!

Special Attention Given to the Collection of Rent, Interest, Etc., and the Care of Property of Persons Out of Town.

Insurance Carefully Written in First-Class Companies Only.

Losses Promptly and Satisfactorily Adjusted.

FOR SALE--CHEYENNE ROAD PROPERTY--We have two Four Acre Tracts, the finest along the road. Plenty of pine trees, good water, etc. Also a very desirable Eight-Acre Tract. First-Class investments.

FOR RENT--FURNISHED.

Very neat cottage, 7 room and bath room, completely furnished. Central location on Pike's Peak ave. $70.

Also cottage 5 rooms and bath, Nevada avenue and Huerfano street, $75.

Elegantly furnished 9 room house, North Tejon street. Steam heat and all modern conveniences. Low rental to a good tenant.

UNFURNISHED.

House 4 rooms, on Cascade avenue, north of Moreno ave.

RANCH.

The finest Hay Ranch in the country, cut this year two hundred and sixty five tons of Hay. Can be sold so as to net 15 per cent on investment.

For Sale--Furnished.

One of the Finest Residences North Tejon St. Corner lot, ... House 12 rooms, bath room and very ... conveniences. ... Seven ... bed rooms ...

FOR RENT--FURNISHED.

One of the Finest Residences in the city. House 10 rooms. ... Low rent to desirable tenant.

FOR SALE

VERY NEAT 8 ROOM COTTAGE—South Tejon street. Lot 50x190, near the park. $4,000.

VERY DESIRABLE 8 ROOM HOUSE—On North Weber street. Fully furnished, bath room, closets and every convenience. Rented at $80 per month. A BARGAIN.

LARGE LOT—100 feet front on El Paso st., 190 feet on High st. House 8 rooms, good barn, etc. $4,500.

ALSO A 3 ACRE TRACT—Within city limits, under independent ditch. All cultivated. Very cheap.

COLORADO CITY—THIRTY-THREE CHOICE LOTS—Located along and south of the main avenue. Owner desires to go east and will sell all together at a very low figure.

BRICK HOUSE 8 ROOMS—E. Kiowa st., lot 50x200. $2,500.

VERY DESIRABLE CORNER—Lot 100x190, North Wahsatch avenue. $2,000.

HOUSE 6 ROOMS—N. Tejon st., choice location, $4,500.

ONE QUARTER BLOCK—On N. Weber st. A BARGAIN.

ALSO HOUSE 7 ROOMS—Large closets, pantry, etc. Almost new, lot 50x190. South Weber st. $4,500.

ALSO HOUSE 9 ROOMS—Good cellar, bath, etc. Lot 50x190, South Nevada. $3,500.

VERY CHOICE 5 ACRE TRACT—Within city limits, under ditch. House 4 rooms, pantry, etc. Also good hen house, fruit trees, etc. $4,500.

HOUSE 5 ROOMS—Lot 50x190. North Wahsatch avenue. $2,000.

FINE CORNER—Lot 100x190, North Tejon street, on line of street car.

VERY DESIRABLE Residence lot, west side Cascade ave.

DESIRABLE CORNER—Lot 50x200, near business.

ALSO A VERY NEAT COTTAGE—On Nevada avenue, 5 rooms and 4 closets ...

HOUSE 4 ROOMS—Wahsatch avenue, lot 50x190, $850.

ALSO HOUSE 4 ROOMS—Moreno ave. All in complete shape. Can be sold on installments to suit purchaser. $1,500.

VERY CHOICE CORNER—North Wahsatch avenue 200x ... This is a bargain.

GOOD 7 ROOM HOUSE—With cellar, closets, etc., North Weber street. $4,500.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS, still left on "Institute Heights."

ALSO A VERY CHOICE CORNER, 50x190, South Cascade avenue. House 3 rooms. Can be sold on small payment down, balance on time to suit. $2,500.

HOUSE 8 ROOMS FURNISHED—On North Wahsatch ave. Lot 100x190. Rented at $90 per month. Can be sold so as to pay about 15 per cent on investment.

VERY DESIRABLE LOT—North Nevada ave., 50x190.

Call at My Office for Location, Prices, Etc. We will Cheerfully Show you Property.

M. KENNEDY,

Real Estate Dealer, - - - - No. 9 North Tejon Street.

College Park Conservatory.

Between Nevada Ave. and Weber St., on Cache la Poudre.

S. D. BRADFORD, Proprietor. THOS. D. DAVIDSON, Foreman.

Choice Flowers and Floral Work a Specialty.

A Great Variety of Beautiful Plants.

Decorations for Halls and Receptions.

COME ONE! VISITORS WELCOME. COME ALL!

Street Cars to the Corner.

REMOVAL!

About February 20th I shall Remove to No. 9 South Tejon Street. Until then I will continue to sell Boots and Shoes Cheap.

F. H. GAY!

No. 28 S. Tejon St., - - - Colo. Springs.

Shoes at Cost.

We are making a Special Drive on some lines of Ladies' and Gents' Shoes to close them out. Call and be convinced that we can save you money.

BACON & GRISWOLD,

No. 24 South Tejon St.

NEALE & CO.,

Feed Store and Commission.

GRAIN, HAY, FLOUR, BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY, POTATOES AND APPLES.

Patronage Solicited.

124 East Huerfano St.

W. H. D. MERRILL,

122 N. TEJON ST.

Practical Plumber & Contractor

FOR STEAM HEATING.

First class work solicited and guaranteed. Telephone No. 66.

New Spring Goods

AT THE OLD

Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium

50 Pieces New Satteens, all grades and Choice Styles in the Fine Silk Finished French Goods. These we are selling at New York Retail prices.

And 5c Per Yard Less than Same Goods are Sold for in Denver.

25--Pieces New Toile du Nord--25

Best Quality and Choice Styles.

We shall still offer Table Linens, Napkins and Other Linen Goods at the same Bargain Prices as during the Last Week.

All Winter Underwear Reduced.

500 yards Real Hand-Made Torchon Lace, at Half-Price.

1,000 yards New Spring Embroideries, Choice Styles.

Edward Ferris Dry Goods Co.,

102 Pike's Peak Ave.

N. B.—All Children's Wraps at Half the Usual Price. All Ladies' Jerseys One Fourth Off.



Unrelenting War ON PRICES!

At Davis' Jewelry Establishment.

... Our Reduction Sale of ... embraced in the Jewelry Line ...

Bargains can be secured by inspecting our stock before purchasing elsewhere. ... must be sold.

Fine Watch Repairing and Diamond Setting ...

SPECIAL SALE

We Have Inaugurated one of the

Greatest Mark Down Sale

OF THE SEASON.

Overcoats, Fine and Business Suits,

Men's and Boys' Underwear,

Hats and Shoes,

Children's Suits & Overcoats,

Ladies' Shoes.

The very best goods in the market at greatly reduced prices. It will pay you well to call. We do just as we advertise and every sale makes a customer. With thanks for the liberal patronage received during the past year, we remain

Yours very respectfully,

WISHON & ARMENTROUT,

No. 19 S. Tejon St.

SPRING : GOODS

We have just received the most complete line of French Satteens, Embroideries, Laces and white goods ever shown in this city, which will be sold at prices that will guarantee their QUICK SALE.

Bargains in Carpet Remnants in lengths from nine to thirty yards. These will be sold at a discount to close them out.

GIDDINGS BROS. & WIL...



E. S. Bumstead & Co.

COMPLETE STOCK OF

Plumbing, Steam & Gas Fitting

Dealers in Gas Fixtures and Plumbers' Gas and Steam Fitters' Mat...

No 12 North Tejon St.

The accompanying cut represents the DUPLEX STEAM HEATER, which is considered the most economical and practical heater for warming residences.

CALL ... AND ... SEE ...

SOMETHING NEW.

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